THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA. TUESDAY. APRIL 14. 1874. | VOLUME VI NUMBER 262.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Constitution and Sun,

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA, APRIL 14, 1874.

ATLANTA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Produce and Commission Merchant.
E. J. GRIFFIN, No. 30 DECATUR STREET. Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry and Butter.

Commission Merchants and Grocers.
McDANIEL & GILREATH, 127 WHITEHALL ST.

Manufacturer of Burial Cases.
M. CAMMILL, NO. 9 IVY STREET.

Business University.
S. F. MOORE, PRESIDENT, cor. BROAD and ALA

Liquors, Champagne Cider, &c.
T. P. GRADY, 19 ALABAMA ST., Near the Depot.

Stoves and Stove-Furnishing Goods.
P. M. RICHARDSON, 36 WHITEHALL STREET.

Clothing.
W. B. LOWE & CO., WHITEHALL STREET.

Merchant Tailoring.
BYERMAN, No. 4 Peachtree st., Imported goods only.

Family Groceries.
C. E. BRUMBY, 99 WHITEHALL STREET.

Meat Market and Dairy.
H. C. SAWTELL, 126 WHITEHALL STREET.

Jeweler and Agent for Azundel Spectacles
ER LAWSON, WHITEHALL STREET.

Fire, Life and Marine Insurance.
WALKER & BOYD, No. 8 Wall St., in Kimball House.

Photographs.
SMITH & MOIER, 39 WHITEHALL STREET.

Millinery and Fancy Goods.
W. O. KNOX, NO. 30 WHITEHALL STREET.

Dry Goods and Carpets.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO., 46 and 48 Whitehall street.

Oils and Fine Groceries.
JNO. T. HAGAN & CO., 134 WHITEHALL STREET.

Carriage Manufactory.
J. J. FORD, CORNER PRYOR and LINE STREETS.

Dye House.
JAMES LOCHREY. Hunter Street.

Restaurant.
THOMPSON'S, JAMES BANK BLOCK.

Southern News.

There arrived at the port of Galveston, Texas, during the month of March 1,642 immigrants.

Governor Kemper, of Virginia, only requires two thousand dollars per annum to run the clerical force of his office.

The Mississippi Senate has passed a bill authorizing the trustees of Oxford and Alcorn Universities to remove their respective Law Schools to Jackson.

The branch of the Iron Mountain Railroad, from St. Louis to Memphis, is under survey. The route will be located in a few weeks, and the road be built speedily.

The Galveston News states that General Beauregard is going to Galveston by the 15th instant, on invitation of the City Council, to assist in fixing the grades and establishing the general system of sewerage.

The last rail has just been laid on the Louisville, Paducah and Southeastern Railroad, which opens to Louisville a new and valuable connection with the South, by way of Nashville, in competition with the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The new road will beopen for freight and passengers in about ten days.

Chester Reporter, 9th: The stockholders of the Chester and Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railroad Company held a meeting on Friday last. The terms of consolidation with the King's Mountain Railroad Company were agreed upon. A formal transfer was made, and the road from Chester to Yorkville will in the future be known as a portion of the Chester and Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railroad.

A Columbus, Miss., lady perpetrated a good hoax on the 1st inst. She gave a party; at the appointed time a "set supper" was announced, and the hungry couples walked in to the expected banquet. They found a table beautifully decorated with flowers, but nothing to eat—a sort of Barmicidan feast. There was a great laugh, and disappointed appetites. The *amende* came in the form of a splendid "hand around" lunch.

Thus the Rocky Mount Mail, of the old Tar State: There is at Lemon's Bridge, in the county of Nash, about six miles from this place, an enormous oak tree, which has withstood the blasts of centuries, and has triumphed over decay. Its Bilarean arms extend one hundred and fourteen feet by actual measurement, from extremity to extremity. We measured its body near the ground, and we found that the circumference of said oak was thirty-seven feet, twelve and one-third feet in diameter.

EDITOR ARRESTED.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—Murat Halsted, editor of the Commercial, was arrested last night for publishing a lottery advertisement in violation of the laws of Ohio.

DESTRUCTIVE INCENDIARY FIRE

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., April 12.—A destructive incendiary fire occurred here at 1 o'clock this morning. It started in the piling yard of Brown & Co. The saw mill was destroyed, and lumber amounting to about 30,000,000 feet, piled on thirty acres of ground, several other saw mills and planing mills, and fourteen frame houses were burned. The fire was got under control this morning at 8 o'clock; one man was reported burned to death. The loss is estimated at half a million; insurance one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

LOUISVILLE, April 12.—Greene, Burbage & Co.'s furniture factory was burned. Loss $90,000.

MERIDIAN SCRAPS.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Congress morning hour unimportant.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Arrived out—L. Vidor, Tarbian, Success, R. B. Gove. Arrived—Steamship Canima.

It is reported that R. H. Magill, agent in California of Phœnix Insurance Company, of Hartford, is defaulter in the sum of $50,000.

NEW ORLEANS, April 13.—The river is stationary, and one inch above the high water mark of 1871. Bonnet Carre crevasse is one hundred and twenty-five feet wide and fifteen feet deep. The water pouring through can be heard for miles.

CINCINNATI, April 13.—Two employees of Robinson's circus, while loading cages on a barge, fell into the river and were drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—Three merchants died yesterday of pneumonia, Alex. B. McElhiny, a large exporter of petroleum and breadstuffs, Jacob Smith, of lawyer & Smith, oil, paint and glass dealers, and Joseph Wright, of C. J. Hoffman & Co., breadstuffs merchants.

CATHOLIC TEMPERANCE.

GOOD MOVEMENT IN NEW YORK.

[Sunday Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, April 12.—The Metropolitan Catholic Total Abstinence Union, of New York convened here to-day.

A letter was received from Archbishop Leahey, of Cashel, Ireland, heartily approving of the proposed combination between the two countries for the protection of emigrants on their arrival from the ruinous influence of intemperance, and promising the co-operation of both the clergy and laity with the movement.

Arrangements were completed for a mass meeting at Cooper Institute on the 19th of May next for the purpose of laying their cause before the people. A large number of distinguished speakers have signified their intention to be present.

FOREIGN.

LIVINGSTONE'S FUNERAL—SPANISH RUMORS—ROCHEFORT.

LONDON, April 13.—Officers and members of the Royal Geographical Society and other distinguished persons have gone to South Burton to receive the remains of Dr. Livingstone. The steamer bearing them expected there early to-morrow. Great preparations making for the reception and funeral ceremonies. It is reported that the body is in a good state of preservation.

Advices from Pedro Abanto, dated April 9th, report that Serrano had made proposals for a settlement through General Elio, which the Carlists have defiantly rejected.

A dispatch from Melbourne, Australia, reports that Rochefort and his party sailed yesterday.

MARINE.

HEAVY GALES RAGING.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Arrived—steamer Minister Roon, from Brennan. Reports experienced. During the whole passage strong head winds and gales from the West, Northwest, and South-west; very rough seas and thick jogs. The ship had to work during the whole passage against a tremendous hard sea, and worked hard, but behaved well. Last day the wind changed to the North, with frost and ice on deck.

Arrived—Mississippi, Carondalet, South Carolina, Abyssinia. No tidings of Lillie of Greece yet received.

Arrived out—Ludwig, Soulard, Ottowa, Queen Fleet, Ludwig, Hebrew.

Arrived out—Darian.

SAVANNAH, April 13.—Arrived—Eutler, David Babcock, George Washington, Huntsville.

PLYMOUTH, England, April 12—Arrived: Steamship Westphalia, from New York.

CHARLESTON, April 12.—Arrived: Georgia, Helas, D. E. Streaker, Lucky, D. Weymouth, Charley Buck. Sailed—Jardine Brothers.

CUBAN RECOGNITION.

THE GRANT ADMINISTRATION FORESHADOWS IT.

[Monday's Noon News.]

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The official organ contains an elaborate editorial, declaring the present time opportune, and gives reasons for the immediate recognition of the Cuban Republic. The article contains a citation from international law writers, showing no just cause of offense to Spain, if recognition is accorded and commercial treaties entered into with the Republic prior to recognition by Spain. It declares our commercial interest greatly suffering by the war in Cuba. The balance of trade is against us forty to fifty millions. That complications heretofore existing no longer exist. That England intrigues for the control of Cuban affairs and trade; that recognition would open new markets for Western grain growers, provision dealers and to machinists and manufacturers of the Eastern and Middle States, and furnish occupation to thousands of Southern people; tend to restore the prosperity and good feeling of the Southern States toward the Government. The article is supposed to express President Grant's views, and foreshadow action by the Government.

FOREIGN.

FRENCH DESPOTISM—SPANISH ACCOMMODATION—ENGLISH VARIETIES.

PARIS, April 13.—The government has issued a circular, prohibiting attacks by newspapers upon the establishment of the Septennat, and declaring that President McMahon's powers are incontestible.

MADRID, April 13.—The Carlist force that was before Gerona has retired, the municipal authorities having paid them one million reals, to cease from blockading the city.

LONDON, April 13.—Walter Huddlestone declines the Solicitor Generalship.

Famine reports from India are more alarming.

Bellew, the elocutionist who visited the United States last year, is dangerously ill.

The market for Erie is firmer in consequence of an announcement that the directors intend to have the accounts of the company examined by independent and unimpeachable auditors from London, previous to the declaration of a dividend.

Steamship Belmont, Bristol for Pensacola, was spoken in latitude 41, longitude 11, with loss of yards and rigging.

Steamship Ludwig Heyn, at Elsinore, from Savannah, grounded, but got off. She is repairing.

THAT INSURANCE SCRAPE.

THE POLICEMEN TRACK THE SWINDLE.

NEW YORK, April 13—Dr. Ernest Uling, charged with attempting to defraud the Merchants' Life Insurance Company of $10,000, by pretended death and burial of Louise Germs, who was insured for the above sum, was arrested at 228 East Twenty-Fifth street, where he was found secreted under a bed in his residence, 180 Eldridge street.

The police arrested a woman, 65 years of age, who gave her name as Marie de Bagnickl, and a young man named Aurd de Ivany, who claimed to be her nephew. Search among their effects, which were being packed up, cards and plates were found, proving that Uling's real name was Ernest de Bagnicki, and the woman was his wife.

Bagnicki appears to be a member of a noble Hungarian family, and has lived in this city since 1854. He has been in several bad scrapes, and was tried twice before for swindling, but escaped. The police are sanguine of arresting the woman Germs in a day or two.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

New York, April 13.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 17 1-8; Orleans 17¼; sales 1,137 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery opened as follows: April, 16 15-16. May, 16 31-32a16 11-16. June, 17 6 32a17 3-16. July, 17 17-32a17 9-16.

Flour firm. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn firm. Pork quiet; mess $16 75a16 90. Lard firm; steam 10 1-16. Spirits turpentine quiet at 46½. Rosin unchanged at $3 47½a3 50 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks active. Money 4. Gold 13⅜. Exchange—long $4 85 1-2; short, $4 88 1-2. Governments strong. State bonds quiet and nominal.

LONDON, April 13.—Consols 93 1-2a93 5-8. Erie 31 2-4.

LIVERPOOL, April 13.—Noon—Cotton—uplands 8 1-8; Orleans 8 1 4; sales 15,000 bales, including 8,000 for export and speculation; sales of cotton to arrive 1-16 dearer; sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, shipped in Mar-h, 8 3-16; do do deliverable in June or July, 8 3-16; do. do. nothing below low middlings, deliverable in May or June, 8 3-16.

LIVERPOOL, April 13, 3 P. M.—Cotton sales uplands, nothing below low middlings, deliverable in June or July, 8 1-4.

Breadstuffs quiet. Bacon 42s 9d for short clear middles; 43s 3d for long clear middles.

MARKET REPORTS OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Corn—white 95c.
Hams—sugar-cured 13 1-2a14.
Wheat—white $1 40a1 60; amber $1 40a1 55; red $1 35a1 50.
Wheat Bran $1 20a1 25.
Oats—mixed 68a70.
Rye—$1 35a1 30.
Barley seed—None in market.
Corn meal 95.
Grits $6 per barrel.
Flour—Super $5 00a5 75; extra $6 50a8 00; family 8 00a8 75; extra family 9 00a9 75; fancy 10 00a10 75.
Coal—car, 35a40.
Lime—40a50.
Cement—$3 35a3 50.
Bacon—Clear sides 11; clear rib 10 3-4; shoulders 8 1-2a8 3-4.
Bulk—Clear sides 10; clear rib sides 9 3-4; shoulders 7 1-2a7 3-4.
Lard—Kegs 12; cans 12; tierces 11a11½; buckets 12½.
Sheeting, etc—4-4 brown sheeting 11; 7-8 brown shirting 9 1-2; 3-4 brown shirting 7 1 2.
Cotton yarn $1 40.
Coffee—Rio 27a30c; LaGuyra 33a36; Java 35a40c.
Sugar—A 11; white, extra C 10¾; yellow C 10a10 1-2; Demerara 11a11 1-2.
Candles—18 per lb.
Hogs—6 cents gross.
Beef Cattle—3 1 2a5
Nails $5.
Soap, per box, $3 75a4 40.
Field peas $1 25.
Molasses—barrels 37; tierces 35; hogsheads 33.
Hay—Timothy 1 35a1 50; clover 1 00a1 25; millet $1 25a1 50; Tennessee $1a1 20.
Potatoes—Tennessee $1 50 per bushel.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial—Gold, buying at 1 11; selling at 1 13. Silver, buying at 1 06; selling at 1 09.

Exchange—Buying at par; selling at 1-4 premium. Bonds and stocks—Georgia 6s 70a75; 7s 84a87; 8s 98a$1. Atlanta city bonds—7s 71a73; 8s 80a83. Augusta 80a82; Georgia Railroad stock, 91a98; Georgia Railroad bonds 90a93. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 74a78. Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 90a92. Central Railroad stock 77a80. Rome city 7s 58a63; Savannah 80.

Atlanta Grocery Market

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—New Orleans 75a85; refined syrups 45a75; Sugar House molasses 35 cents in barrels.

NAILS—We quote at $5 for 10ds, and 25c. additional for diminishing grades.

SALT—We quote Virginia $3; Liverpool $2 per sack.

FISH—We quote as follows: Half barrels, Nos. 1 and 2, $8 75, $7 75; in kits Nos 1 and 2 $1 75. No No. 3 in market.

PEPPER—We quote at 30.

SPICE—We quote at 18a20.

GINGER—We quote at 16a17.

CRACKERS—5½a13.

SODA—We quote firm; kegs 7½; boxes 9.

RICE—We quote at 9¼a10; inferior 8a9.

TEAS—We quote Imperial at $1a1 50; Young Hyson $1 15a1 50; Black 75a$1 25; Gunpowder $1a1 50.

POWDER—Du Pont & Hazard's $7 50; Sycamore Mills $7 50; blasting $5 25; fuse per one hundred feet 65.

SHOT—We quote patent $2 75a2 80; buck $3 15a3 25.

LIQUORS—We quote common rectified whisky per gallon $1; Robertson county $1 25a3; Bourbon $1 25a5 50; corn whisky $1 50a1 75.

BROOMS—We quote at $2 50a4 50 per dozen.

SOAP—We quote at 5a8c per pound, or $3 a4 50 per box.

VINEGAR—Atlanta-made commercial 28a35c; fancy 50a75.

PEAS—Stock $1 10a1 25; white $1 50 per bushel.

BEANS—White $2a2 25 per bushel.

Atlanta Produce Market.

DRIED FRUIT—Rough peaches 6a8; peeled nominal at 12 1-2a18.

POTATOES—Sweet $1 00 per bushel. Irish $1 per bushel; per barrel $3 50a$4; seed $5a$5 50.

FEATHERS—We quote at 65 for prime selections; mixed 60a65.

BEESWAX—35c.

RAGS—8c.

POULTRY—We quote chickens at 25a27; good hens 35c.

EGGS—13 1-2 cents.

BUTTER—We quote good country at 25a30c; Tennessee 25a30.

ONIONS—We quote $3 50a3 00 per bushel.

WOOL—Washed 35a40c; unwashed 25.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

PRINTS—Wamsutta, 7¼; Bedford, 8; Amoskeag, 7¼a8¼; Arnold, 7 1-2a8 1-2. Fancy stripes and polka dots 10 1-2 cents. All standard brands 10c. Garner 8½a9.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 11; 7-8 9 1-2c.; yarns $1 40; sewing and knitting thread 60c.

Sheeting, etc.—Augusta and Graniteville—3 4 shirtings 7 1-2 per yard; 7-8 shirtings 9 1-2 per yard; 4-4 sheetings 11 per yard; 7-8 drill 11 1-2 per yard. Alabama and Georgia and Montour goods are a 1-2 cent under the above quotations.

Sundries.

SEEDS—Clover $8 00; timothy $4 50 orchard grass $3 50a4; blue grass $3 50; herd's grass $2 50 Hungarian millet $3.

COTTON YARNS—We quote at $1 40 per bunch all numbers.

CANDIES—We quote stick candy 14½a16, common fancy 17a25.

TOBACCO—Common sound 42a45; low medium 47a50; medium 52a55; fine 60a70. extra fine 80a$1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 12; Princess twist 85; Brown's Log Cabin $1 00.

IRON—Bar iron $4 25 two horse spec, ares $15 50a16; steel 30a32, shovels, Ames' $15; horse and mule shoes 7 1-2a8 1-2; horse shoe nails 20a30.

OIL—Kerosene 28.

LEATHER—Sole, hemlock good damaged 25 1-2a28; good 29a33. White oak 40a50. Black upper 40a55.

OUR CLOTHING IS

RECOMMENDED

FIRST. FOR ITS GOOD QUALITY
SECOND. FOR ITS GOOD QUALITY
THIRD. FOR ITS GOOD QUALITY
SECOND. FOR ITS GOOD MAKE
SECOND. FOR ITS GOOD MAKE
THIRD. For the UNDOUBTED PRICES.
THIRD. For the UNDOUBTED PRICES.
THIRD. For the UNDOUBTED PRICES.

We offer the Best Stock of READY-MADE SPRING CLOTHING over produced in America at prices they could not be bought for during the late panic.

COMPARE THESE PRICES AND CONVINCE YOURSELF.

	Others sell for.	Our Price.
Suits	$16 00	$12 00
Suits	20 00	16 00
Coats	9 00	6 00
Coats	16 00	12 50
Pants	7 00	5 75
Pants	8 50	6 00
Vests	5 00	3 25
Vests	4 50	3 25
Youths' Suits	12 00	9 50
Youths' Suits	15 00	12 00
Youths' Suits	21 00	15 00
Boys' Suits	10 00	7 00
Boys' Suits	14 00	10 00

OTHER GOODS AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW RATES.

NO LAST YEAR'S STOCK.

Inspection and Trial solicited. Patterns sent post free. Requests should give outline of kind preferred.

O. K. CLOTHING STORE, 82 Whitehall Street, Whitehall Street. ISAAC E. HAAS.

apr7—dtf

MARK W. JOHNSON

Begs to announce the arrival of his stock of

Reapers and Mowers, Threshers,

FAN MILLS, GRAIN CRADLES,

Portable Engines, etc.,

FOR THE HARVEST SEASON.

Send for Price List.

500 TONS GUANO JUST ARRIVED, for sale on good terms, MARK W. JOHNSON, Agricultural Warehouse, Atlanta, Ga.

apr10—d1m

House and Lot for Sale,

ON RAWSON STREET, OPPOSITE COLONEL Luther J. Glenn's. I want to sell the above property, but would exchange it for IMPROVED COUNTRY PROPERTY near Atlanta.

Apply to JNO. T. HAGAN,
mar25—dtf 91 Whitehall Street

MRS. E. P. O'CONNOR

—AT—

No. 27 Whitehall Street,

Is now receiving her

SPRING STOCK OF MILLINERY,

Laces, Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Ribbons and Fancy Goods that will not fail to please the most fastidious both in

Style and Price.

Her styles will be the latest, having been selected by herself.

In order that her customers may be pleased, she has spared neither pains or expense in procuring them and will be pleased to see all the ladies of the city and vicinity at her

Grand Millinery Opening

—ON—

Wednesday, the 15th instant.

apr8 dfw

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. BOHNEFELD,

UNDERTAKER

And Dealer in Metallic Burial Cases

CASKETS AND COFFINS.

Of all sizes and descriptions.

Also Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER.

Receive orders for carriages at any hour, both day and night. No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets. aug3—d1m

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE

THE undersigned respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally that they have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a

WAREHOUSE AND GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS,

and respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton, Grain, Hay and Produce generally, for which we guarantee quick sales and prompt returns.

In connection with two large store rooms we have at present, we are now erecting and will soon have completed a large and commodious FIRE-PROOF COTTON WAREHOUSE, on the corner of Broad and Marietta streets, convenient in all respects to planters.

G. T. & A. F. HURT
Office No. 15 Marietta street, (near Bros'd.)
Atlanta, Georgia.

REFERENCES:

Atlanta National Bank, John H. James Banker, Georgia Loan and Trust Co. State National Bank, Citizen's Bank of Georgia, W. M. & R. J. Lowry, Bankers

mar14—dim

IRWIN & THURMOND.

We are offering to the public a selection of Fruit adapted to the Southern climate, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, etc. Our Floral and Ornamental Shrubbery Department is complete. We have every thing usually found in a well conducted Nursery, and of varieties we have tested and know to be suited to the Southern climate. We have reduced our prices to suit the hard times. All orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. We will, upon application, furnish gratis our Catalogue and Price List. Address P. O. Box, 283 Atlanta, Georgia.

dec7 1y IRWIN & THURMOND

To Whom it may Concern

THE JOINT COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE late General Assembly to investigate and report upon the conduct of B W Wrenn, Asa L Harris, Isaac P Hall and Jesse W Jackson, while in the employment of the State; and also, as to the liability of the State of Georgia upon the endorsed bonds of the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad," will meet at the Capitol in Atlanta, on the 1st day of June, 1874.

By order of WM A HARRIS, Chairman.
BW ROGERS, Clerk. apr1—6tawsw3d

TO LIVERY MEN!

The Archer Livery Stable.

FOR LEASE and FOR SALE

I WILL sell my Lease on the Archer Livery Stable extending to June, 1876, for the remainder of the term. Also my entire stock, consisting of Horses, Mules, Carriages, Buggies, Harness, etc., etc.

It consists of everything needed in a

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT,

All in the very best condition.

I have made arrangements to go into other business. A bargain in the above property can be had.

I will Lease the Stable Building to any one who wants it, without obliging him to buy the Stock and Buggies. The building will make a capital COTTON WAREHOUSE.

CLINT TAYLOR,
apr10—d1w Atlanta, Ga.

HAMMETT & HARRIS,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS for New Tabor & Morse and Baxter Steam Engines. Saw Mills, Thrashers, Cotton Gins and Screws, etc., can be found at AIR-LINE HOUSE, Atlanta, Georgia.

Or our office in COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

Send for circular and price list.

mar4—d&wtf

WILBUR F. JOHNSON. MARK W. JOHNSON.

Mark W. Johnson & Bro,

BROKERS,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Receiving, Forwarding, General Purchasing AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

STATE AGENTS FOR

Wilson's New Shuttle Sewing Machine, Remington's Pistols, Rifles, Military Goods, Breech Loading Shot Guns and Ammunition. Agents wanted. Send for Circulars. apr10—d1m

Central Railroad House

JONESBORO, GEORGIA.

William Hammett and Lady

HAVE leased that magnificent NEW BRICK HOTEL recently erected in Jonesboro, Georgia and furnished it throughout with New Furniture. The Lessees promise to spare no pains or expense to please their patrons. mar25—d1f

DISSOLUTION.

ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 1, 1874.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Jas. H. Porter and Reese H. Butler, as the firm of Porter & Butler, of the Atlanta Machine works, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JAS. H. PORTER,
REESE H. BUTLER.

Mr. J. H. Porter having purchased the entire interest of Mr. R. H. Butler, will continue the business at the same stand. apr11—d1t

To Planters.

WE ARE PREPARED TO SELL A LIMITED supply of

Corn and Flour

on Crop Liens, upon reasonable terms, payable 20th October next, to responsible Planters. Respectfully, apr6—d1w AVAIR & BROTHERS.

WITHDRAWAL.

Mr. Isaac Elsas, of the firm of Elsas, May & Co. withdraws from the firm.

SOUTHERN BAG MANUFACTORY,

has this day withdrawn and relinquished all his rights, etc., in said firm.

The Firm Name Remains Unchanged.

ELSAS, MAY & CO.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1st, 1874.

New Firm.

ISAAC ELSAS, MOSES ADLER.

THE UNDERSIGNED, this day formed a Copartnership under the style of

ELSAS & ADLER,

To continue the

Paper, Rag and Hide Business,

at the old stand of ELSAS, MAY & CO., known as the FORBES BAG MARKET HOUSE.

By close attention and fair dealing we hope to make our business a success.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1st, 1874. ELSAS & ADLER.

To Our Former Patrons of the

JUNK TRADE.

WE take pleasure to recommend Messrs. Elsas & Adler as successors to us in our Junk business, and as worthy and indefatigable gentlemen.

ELSAS, MAY & CO.

To Printers.

WE WILL SELL A COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR country printing office at very low figures. A good outfit for a job office, also, included.

apr11—tf W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

GENERAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, by the year, for $10; each additional line, $1 per year. Cards of three lines, for one month, $1. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

R. W. H. SEAL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, THOMASTON, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Augusta and Middle Circuits. apr26—d1y

S. M. WISE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AUGUSTA, Ga., will practice in the courts of the Augusta Circuit.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. apr4—d1y

L. C. HOYT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Dawson, Ga. apr4—d3m

A. G. WINTER. JOHN I. MOON.

TURNER & MOON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, office: Up-stairs, Bank Block, Cartersville, Georgia. mar28—d1y

A. C. McCALLA, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Cowan Tree, Georgia, will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. mar24—d1y

JOSEPH F. PIERCE, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW, Sparta, Georgia. mar22—d6m

E. B. McDANIEL, Attorney at Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Prompt attention given to collection of claims. mar21—d1y

W. J. RAY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MADISON, Georgia, practices in the Courts of the Conasauga Circuit. Special attention given to Collections. mar6—d13m

JOHN T. JORDAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SPARTA, Ga.-ssa, will practice in the counties of the Northern Circuit, and Washington county of the Middle Circuit. Particular attention given to Collections mar5—d1y

JOSEPH McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Gordon county, Ga. feb26-1y

H. C. RONEY, Attorney at Law, Thomson, Ga. Will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apr17-1.

ROBERT LEGARE. WARREN C. WINSLOW

LEGARE & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Collections in Southwest Georgia a specialty. Real Estate Agents. jan21—d1y

JAS. A. HAMILTON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, of Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Albert, Greenwood, Hart, Lincoln, Madison Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr15—d1y

McDANIEL & WHITFIELD, Attorneys at Law, Griffin, Ga. Will practice in Superior Courts of Flint Circuit, in Supreme Court of Georgia, and in United States District Court at Atlanta, and elsewhere by special contract. jan6—d1y

S. D. McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, office corner of Whitehall and Hunter Streets. Practices in all the Courts in Atlanta Circuit. jan6—d1y

J. C. FAIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CALHOUN, Ga., will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit, Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Court, at Atlanta, Ga. jan6—d1y

W. R. HASKIN, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office—Front room over Ross & Russell's Store. may21—d1y

BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA.—F. M. Cooper, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.

Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. jan6-d1y

JNO. H. JAMES, Banker, James' Block. Interest allowed by agreement on long deposits. jan6-d1y

CLARENCE SIMMONS, EXCHANGE AND COLLECTING AGENCY, Sparta, Georgia, transacts a General Banking business. Discounts Notes and Bills. Receives Deposits. Buys and sells Exchange and Makes Collections. mar5—d6m

DENTISTS.

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Georgia, has permanently located at No. 41 Whitehall street, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. may21-tf

DR. R. A. ELLIOTT, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia. jan7—d1y

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, NO. 47 WHITEHALL street, Atlanta, Ga. jan27-d1y

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc. Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 2 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Georgia.

Repairing done in good style and warranted. mar15—d1y

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. S. E. SWIFT No. 20 Cooper street dress making. Returns mar20—d1m

PLAIN PAINTING, etc.

DAN McDUFFIE & BRO., PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, Glaziers, Paper Hangers, etc. Office at Simonds & Hood's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr12—d1y

Business Directory of other Cities.

ATHENS, GA.

SUMNER & NEWTON, Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

CHILDS, RICHARDSON & CO., Dealers in Hardware, Iron, Nails, Mill Findings, Agricultural Implements, Chicago Plow Points, etc.

A. [illegible] and Essential Remedies, the Agent for the only celebrated San Souci Spring Water. Depot at [illegible]

DUPREE'S OPERA HOUSE, complete in all its appointments; seating capacity 800 persons. Lease by [illegible]

PROFESSIONAL—[illegible]

W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. [illegible] may 13-1y

JOHN F. REDDING, Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care.

RATES OF ADVERTISING WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month	2 mos.	3 mos.	6 mos.	12 mos.
One Square	$ 2	3	4	5	8	10	15	25
Two Squares	3	5	6	8	12	15	25	40
Three Squares	4	6	8	10	15	20	30	50
Five Squares	5	8	10	12	20	25	40	70
Half Column	8	12	15	20	30	40	70	120
One Column	15	25	30	40	60	80	120	200

A square is space of 10 lines of solid nonpareil, measuring 12 of an inch to the line. Eight words of nonpareil constitute a line. No fractional part of a square will be counted.

Reading notices, 25 per cent. additional.

Obituaries, Marriages and Religious notices, half rates.

Special notices, double rates.

Contract advertisements will be taken at such rates as may be agreed upon.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

Bills rendered monthly will be considered due when presented.

Bills rendered quarterly will be considered due on the first day of the succeeding quarter.

Bills rendered semi-annually will be considered due on the first day of the succeeding half year.

Bills rendered annually will be considered due on the first day of the succeeding year.

Bills rendered for less than one month will be considered due when presented.

Bills for advertising ordered to be discontinued will be rendered and collected at once.

Bills for advertising ordered to be continued will be rendered monthly, unless otherwise specified in the contract.

Bills for advertising ordered to be continued, and not specified in the contract, will be rendered monthly, and considered due when presented

DAILY CONSTITUTION

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

(Mr. Lawton in his report of the decisions of the Claims Committee in Rockland to THE CONSTITUTION by Telegraph of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We can not undertake to publish anonymous communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

General Traveling Agents:

T. R. ACTON and J. W. ANDERSON.

ATLANTA!

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14 1874

Brevities.

Tweed celebrated the anniversary of his fifty-first birthday in prison on Friday.

Prince Arthur is soon to be styled the Duke of Dublin. One of his numerous names is Patrick.

And now Senator Buckingham, of Connecticut, is going to make a tour around the world!

Some one asks if the maker of the Cardiff giant does not own a hotel near Bald Mountain, N. C.

A Western paper announces the death of a lady celebrated for the "purity of her character and complexion."

The indications are that society will soon be divided into two grand divisions—the Cremationists and the Inhumationists.

Dr. Brown-Sequard, in a recent lecture, stated that he once successfully grafted a cat's tail into a rooster's comb.

The Persians believe that a diamonds fell from heaven, during the earliest stages of the world, and, are therefore, entitled to religious veneration.

A very rich relative of the wife of Marshal Bazaine, is said to have died recently in Mexico, and left his fortune to the Marshal's children.

To make a delicious salad, use cold, parboiled oysters in place of chicken, with celery, lettuce, and a Mayonnaise sauce or American salad dressing.

Castor beans are growing wild in Tulare county, California, living over from season to season, until, in some cases, they grow into symmetrical trees from ten to twenty feet high.

Senator Sumner's pictures at his house in Washington have been catalogued. There are 90 oil paintings, valued at $45,000, and more than 3,000 engravings, photographs, etc., worth about as much more.

A writer in the New York Graphic intimates that Livingstone's long stay in Africa and his frequent disappearance, was owing to the fact that he was insane. He thinks that his late unsatisfactory account of his travels demonstrate such a state of mind.

Some of the English papers give currency to a report that a marriage may possibly be arranged between the Princess, youngest daughter of Queen Victoria, and the Marquis of Stafford, eldest son of the Duke of Sutherland. This peer is one of the richest in England.

A New York politician, in writing a letter of condolence to the widow of a deceased member of the Legislature, says: "I cannot tell how pained I was to hear that your husband had gone to Heaven. We were bosom friends, but now we shall never meet again."

The New York Sun speaking of Ann Eliza, ex wife of Brigham Young speaks of her as tall, slender, straight and graceful, apparently about thirty years old but looking younger Her face is refined and comely, and she is without the practical archness and coquettish wriggles of Eastern society. She is thought to resemble very much Agnes Ethel, the actress.

An Irishman was brought before a Judge on charge of stealing a widow's pig. "Pat," said the Judge, "when you are brought face to face with the widow and the pig on the great judgment day, what account can you give of yourself?" "Did you say the pig would be there, yer honor?" "To be sure I did." "Well, thin, yer riverence, I'd say, 'Mrs. Nalony, there's yer pig.'"

It appears that the Ashantees have already given evidence of their readiness to adopt the ways of civilization. A correspondent writing from Cape Coast Castle, on the 20th of February, says: "I suppose you heard that the Ashantees could not understand our telegraph, and so they, in imitation, carried a line of white cotton from tree to tree all along the road, passing it here and there through a rags of white calico."

The Adrianople rose crop for 1873 is reported to have been on the whole a good one, and consequently the manufacture of ottar of roses, for which this district is so celebrated, has been fairly remunerative. Distillation, however, owing to the excessive wet weather being profuse, the produce was not of the best quality. About 93,000 ounces were the result, and as the price, which, of course, varies with the quality, ranges from 13s. 1d. to 16s. 10d. per ounce, the whole is valued at about £70,000. The German merchants are the principal customers for this article of luxury, and annually purchase over 60,000 ounces, the remainder generally going to the Eastern markets.

☞ The scholastic population of East Tennessee is 111,835; of Middle Tennessee 189,854, and of West Tennessee 116,996 Total 418,185

☞ The New York Tribune announces that it has reached its thirty-fourth year. Its founder, Horace Greeley, died about a year ago, but that death in no way checked the prosperity of the paper. It is now erecting a three-quarter of a million building, on which it started, with $200,000 of cash. It will pay no more dividends until this is paid for.

Judge Edmonds, the Deceased Spiritualist.

The New York Sun gives some interesting particulars of Judge Edmonds, the noted spiritualist, who died the other day. He held a number of positions of trust, finally becoming a Judge of the Supreme Court in New York. He was an able lawyer, a strong Judge, and a respectable citizen.

He claimed to be a medium and to have conversed with Henry Clay, the novelist Cooper, General Scott, Martin Van Buren and other distinguished dead.

The following facts are stated about him: "He went to Central America in 1856, and the circle of which he was a member professed that they were miraculously kept advised of the events of his voyage simultaneously with their occurrence, and afterwards he verified the accuracy of the reports by comparison with his diary. Among the things of which he was accustomed to tell as proofs of the soundness of his belief, alleging them to be occurrences of his first year of mediumship was the spiritually conveyed information of a grandson's illness in Canada; an announcement of the death of his friend, Isaac C. Hopper, before he received the news in an ordinary way; the foretelling of the destruction of the steamer Henry Clay; and frequent warnings against perfidious associates and coming evils. His daughter also became a speaking medium, delivering messages in languages of which she professed to have no knowledge.

[illegible] a row in a [illegible] drinking. Anderson repeatedly insulted Breckinridge and was as often forgiven. Finally, while they were drinking together in friendship, Anderson shot Breckinridge without warning. After shooting him, Anderson addressed Breckinridge, on the ground as he lay dying, in the following language: "Hello Breck, you ain't that drunk already, don't you get up and drink?"

He then walked out on the sidewalk, and meeting a physician, said, "There's a man shot down, yonder, Doctor, you had better see what you can do for him."

The Doctor asked him who did it, and he very coolly replied, "That remains to be found out." He then made his escape, and has not since been heard from. Mr. Breckinridge was taken to the hotel and had every attention shown him, but it was a hopeless case, his brains having been shot out, at such close range that his face was badly powder-burned.

Breckinridge lived until half-past 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon. He was a young man of great culture and rare promise. His classmates speak of him as one of the most talented young men in the law class, of which he was a member.

Kellogg.

Governor Kellogg, the Radical Governor of Louisiana, is following in the footsteps of the other Southern Radical Executives. In the last sixty days he has pardoned nineteen convicts out of the Penitentiary. The majority of them were the graver classes of felons. Nine of them are convicted murderers.

The Recent Elections.

An analysis of the vote in the recent elections, shows a remarkable change of political sentiment.

In Cleveland, Ohio, the vote was 17,514 against 16,975 in the Presidential election, yet the Democratic majority is 3 590 against 3,815 Radical majority in 1872, a change of over 7,000 on an increased vote.

The other elections show a similar result.

☞ Congressman Maginnis has asked Congress to pass a bill for the relief of missionaries to the Indian tribes. It proposes to furnish each missionary with a patent adjustable scalp which can be "lifted" without injury to the cuticle.

☞ The Republicans attempt to explain their defeat in Connecticut, on the ground of a "light vote." But the prop is knocked from under them by a glance at the figures. In 1873, the whole vote was 86,845; according to the latest returns from the election of Monday, this year's vote is 91,671.

☞ We take it as a good omen that the Somerville Falcon, hitherto rather "Independent," makes the following open confession to its readers:

"As long as the political parties of the Union remain in their present relative positions, we expect to support the Democratic nominees, and we expect to do it in no uncertain manner. There is no milk and water about the Falcon. It believes that the Democratic party is infinitely better than the Radical party."

☞ The Hon. Thomas Whitehead, a member of Congress from one of the Virginia Districts, has perpetrated a very good hit on the currency question:

"Mr. Whitehead, of Virginia, advocated an increase in the currency as the greatest need to the prosperity of the South and West. The people of the South, he contended, were more loyal than those of New England, because the latter said the greenback currency was a lie, while the people of the South had confidence in the government, and would take all the money they could get."

The Flood in the Lower Mississippi.

New Orleans seems to be wedded to calamity. All kinds of political and social troubles weigh her down, and now she has to contend with a fearful inundation. The surplus waters of an immense Empire are pressing, with terrible weight and attrition, against her banks and levees. Thursday evening the muddy tide was three inches above the high water mark of 1871, at Canal street—in other words, the water was higher than the greater part of the city, much higher than her busy streets and handsome squares. The city is drained from the levees back towards Lake Ponchartrain, and if the water breaks over the mud walls all hope of escape from a damaging deluge is gone. The battle with the flood must be fought out on that line. At last accounts the water was nearly up to the top of the levees along the whole front, and in many places it was running over. So many breaks were reported near the city, both above and below, that Judge Pardee was compelled to adjourn the District Court on account of the general alarm caused by the situation. Thousands of acres of cane and rice have already been destroyed. The Times of the 10th inst., says that the water was then as high as it had ever been within the memory of man. A further rise of four inches at Vicksburg will be felt in the Crescent City to-day, and most serious consequences were apprehended.

There are many suggestions for reducing the flood that surges and crowds against the levees—the most popular and, perhaps, the only available one, being a cut-off, or an improvised outlet, for the pent-up waters. All crevasses relieve the pressure, of course, somewhere; but it is more than doubtful whether a crevasse below the city would bring the needful relief. The doctors are quarreling over this, but the weight of the testimony is adverse to a cut-off below the city.

The papers of Friday demand that the levees be cut near the Noyes Canal, where the breadth of land between the river and the lake is very narrow, and that the Bayou Plaquemine be reopened. The latter is over a hundred miles above the city, and is a natural discharge of the great river. It is estimated that a stream five hundred feet wide can be turned into the Bayou without damage, and State Engineer Thompson has gone up to open that outlet.

The condition of the river at New Orleans is the condition as high up as Vicksburg and even higher. A very dangerous crevasse is reported above Vicksburg, at Hushpuckenay. It has a base of three hundred feet and a height of twenty feet. Immense damage in the Sunflower, Tallahachee and Yazoo bottoms must follow this powerful outbreak. The rich lands of the Lower Mississippi, in common with the streets of the commercial metropolis, are threatened with disaster, and the news of the next few days will be eagerly scanned by thousands of interested readers.

List of Georgia Claims Just Allowed.

Various Bills Introduced By Georgia Congressmen.

THE INVESTIGATION INTO FORTY GEORGIA MARSHAL MATTERS.

Nearly all About Georgia.

WASHINGTON, April 8, 1874.

Editors Constitution: When Fred Douglass assumed the Presidency of the Freedman's Savings Bank and Trust Company, it was announced that the concern was to be run exclusively in the colored interest; that its employees were all to be colored, and, practically, that white depositors might withdraw their business, as they would receive no consideration. This announcement remained uncontradicted until recently, when, finding, no doubt, that the interests of the bank were suffering, Mr. Douglass published a card denying that the bank was to be run on such exclusive principles as stated, and inviting white patronage as heretofore. This is simply a confession that the black race is dependent on the white race in this country, as it has always been.

"THE DEFUNCT DEMOCRACY."

The Radicals in Congress were not well yesterday. The returns from Connecticut made them very sick, and when they got the news from Cincinnati and Cleveland they looked as if their last hour had come. There was no anxiety manifested to "carry the news to Hiram." Senator Buckingham, who will give way on the 4th of March next to a Democratic Senator, looked so ghastly as to excite even the compassion of his political opponents. "Joe" Hawley, who is supposed to have had Senatorial aspirations, looked as blue as a whetstone. "Sunset" Cox, after getting the floor for a speech on finance, made it lively for "the other side of the house," by giving some of the statistics of the Connecticut election, with spicy and pertinent comments thereon. What have the Rads to say now concerning "the defunct Democracy?"

ALLOWED CLAIMS BEFORE THE CLAIMS COMMISSION.

The bill making appropriations for the payment of claims reported allowed by the Commissioners of Claims, reported from the Committee on War Claims, and committed to a committee of the whole House, contains the following items for citizens of Georgia: Carey A. Barns $334, Philip H Bird $140. James M. Boatwright $575, Elias A. Camp $233, Hosea M. Camp $441, Jesse G Carr $796, Mary Ann Cochrell $3 34, Isaac Cash $44 50, John Cox $500, Samuel W. Cox $430, Thomas W. Craven $456, James Crow $383, William Cupp $100, Harry Daniel $395, Amos Delpey $387 75, Warren N. Dixon $350, John Duffy $437, John C. Dunn $350, Thomas Elrad $411, Thomas Flynn $685, Margret Gilreath $352, Hiram H. Gilreath $335, Jacob B. Hendrick $340, Elizabeth Henderson, administratrix of the estate of Robert L. Henderson, deceased, $150, Rhoda Holland $150, John M. Hunt $170, John B Johns $267, John W. Johnson 177 50, John Johnson $829 50, Mary A. Johns $194, Stephen King $295 50, Robert S. Kurt $150, Harriet M. Lewis $250, James Lowry $500 75, Michael Lynch $365, Alanson McHan $373, Job McKeehan $75, Ralph Meldrison $ 81, James A. Meredith $225, James C. Mitchell $ 80, William Neal $300, Lucy A. Randall $ 075 20, Thomas J. Simmons $390, Louisa Sims $169 60, Noah Terry $452 50, Thomas J. Tipton $120, Jacob P. Withers $1,882, Hiram H. Woodson $295, Mitchell Wright $90, Daniel Young $4,069, Britain Williams $548.

GEORGIA CLAIMS BEFORE CONGRESS.

The following Georgia bills are before the House Committee on Claims:

A bill (introduced by Mr. Bell) authorizing and directing the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Olive E. Carter, of Jackson county, the sum of $300, being the amount of revenue illegally collected from her late husband, R D. Carter, in his life time, in 1868, for the distillation of brandy from fruit.

A bill authorizing and requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to J H. Pace, of Jackson county, the sum of $300, being the amount of tax illegally collected from him in 1868 for the distillation of brandy from fruit.

A bill (introduced by Mr. Blount) directing the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Willis J. Parnell, of Thomasville, Georgia, the sum of $16,632 for storage in certain cotton taken possession of by the agent of the United States Government in Thomasville, Georgia, on or about the 1st of June, 1865.

The following bill, introduced by Mr. White, of Alabama, is before the House Committee on War Claims.

A bill authorizing and directing the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Dr. J. B Hinkle the sum of $47,973, being the amount of approved account for medicines and supplies furnished Union soldiers held as prisoners of war at Macon, in 1862.

LAID ON THE TABLE.

The House Committee on Education and Labor has reported adversely on the following bills, and they have been laid on the table: A bill giving one million acres of the public lands to the Trustees of the Brown Institute, Florida; also, a bill donating the building formerly used as the U. S. Courthouse at St. Augustine, Florida, to the State for educational purposes. These bills were introduced by a colored Congressman, Walls, who has presented a larger number of bills this session than any other member. They are all likely to share the fate of the above.

IMPORTANT TO CLAIMANTS.

The House has passed a bill which provides that as to a large class of cases, (among others, claims for the destruction or appropriation of property by the armies of the United States, or for property taken for the use of the army), in reference to which the jurisdiction of the Court of Claim was taken away by the act of 1864, the parties may use before any other tribunal the same evidence which they had taken and filed before the Court of Claims. This bill, if it passes the Senate, of which there is very little doubt, will enable many Southern claimants to use before the departments evidence they had filed before the Court of Claims.

PENSION BILLS.

The following bills are before the House Committee on Invalid Pensions:

A bill granting a pension to Alvin W. Prince, of Dawson county, late Captain of Company B, Georgia State Troops.

A bill providing for placing on the pension roll the name of Jesse Stallings, late a private in Captain White's Company of Georgia militia, in the war of 1815, and pay him a pension at the rate of eight dollars a month from the 14th day of February, 1871.

WILL THERE BE AN INVESTIGATION?

It has not yet been decided to investigate the United States Marshal's office in Northern Georgia. The House Judiciary Committee has other matters before it, and cannot give this the consideration required. Some say the investigation is certain to take place; but others say not. I am assured by one who professes to be posted that if the investigation does take place it will bring to light some rich developments, and that the [illegible]

[illegible] Louisiana Bills

A SPICY AND INTERESTING DEBATE.

[illegible] received the following message from the President:

A bill [illegible] the compensation and appointment of appraisers at the port of Key West.

A joint resolution authorizing and requiring the Secretary of War to have a survey made of what is known as the "land-locked," or Raiford water route, etc.

A bill for the relief of James Atkins, late Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth District of Georgia.

THE KU KLUX CLAIMS.

On motion of Mr. Butler, by unanimous consent, the Committee on the Judiciary was discharged from the further consideration of the bill to refund to the State of Georgia certain money expended by said State for the common defense in 1777; and the same was referred to the Committee on War Claims.

THE SHIP CANAL.

Col. Frobel is still sanguine that success will crown his efforts in behalf of the Atlantic and Great Western Canal project. He counts up some fifty majority for the bill in the House.

SLOAN.

Sloan has begun firing things to ensure his re-election. Yesterday he presented a petition purporting to be from 8 500 citizens of Georgia for establishing polling places for every five hundred citizens in the State of Georgia. The petition doesn't say anything about holding the polls in buggies.

BELL.

The Americus post-office question was settled to-day, by the confirmation of Bell. All the Georgia appointments are now confirmed.

THOMAS HAUCK.

FINANCE.

THE PRESIDENT GIVES SOME OPINIONS—FOR SPECIE PAYMENT AND AGAINST INFLATION.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—President Grant, in conversation with friends to-day on the subject of finance, said it was desirable that the pledges of the Government to return as soon as practicable to specie payment should be most overlooked.

In his annual message he had suggested measures of preparation for such resumption, and thought now, as he did then, that the National Banks should retain, as a portion of their reserve, either the whole or a part of the gold entered accruing upon the bonds pledged as security for their issue, and the treasurer, he added, should also similarly strengthen itself with resumption.

He had no hesitation in saying that he was opposed to inflation in the general acceptation of the term; to an increase of currency beyond the actual business necessities of the country, but at the same time he had given no opinion concerning the measures before Congress, nor had he indicated what his action would be relative to any bill that might pass. The House and Senate had not yet acted concurrently, and therefore no opportunity was afforded to conjecture even as the final result, but apart from his own self-respect it would be improper if not offensive for him to intimate to Congress what he would or would not do in the event of the financial bill being presented to him for his signature.

CUBA.

SOME STARTLING NEWS.

HAVANA, April 13.—Informal information has reached official quarters here that the agents of a European monarchy are now among the insurgents of Cuba with a view of giving them such aid that they may overcome the Spanish authorities, and establish in that island a different government, but with monarchial features. The nationality of the agents is withheld. There is no way of verifying the above report, although it is believed in official circles.

MARINE.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The Greece with the Europe's passengers, is signalled.

SAVANNAH, April 13.—Arrived—Saragassa, Remina, Jackson, Reguard, Bremen, E. A. Hooper, Jennie Omaha.

Cleared.—C. B. Hazelton, Sasterne, Welhanen, Malnio, spoken thirty miles south of of Preying Pan shoals fore and aft schooner with the main mast, top mast, and fore mast gone. She was steering for Charleston. At one o'clock P. M., April 11, on the edge of the Gulf Stream, in the latitude of Charleston, the schooner H. M. Bull, from Sekerso, with sugar loaded for New York, with the main and mizzen masts gone, and steering for Charleston.

WEATHER.

PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—For the Middle States and Lower Lake region, rising temperature, southeast to southwest winds, increasing to brisk and high, cloudy and rainy weather.

For the South Atlantic States, fresh and brisk east to south winds, generally cloudy weather, rising temperature, and light rains

For the Gulf States East of the Mississippi and northward over the Ohio Valley, cloudy and rainy weather, and south to westwards increasing to brisk and high.

The lower Ohio and lower Mississippi rivers will continue rising.

MERE MENTION.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Capt. Lamblon Lorsine, of the British man-of-war Niobe, whose action at Santiago de Cuba, at the time of the Virginius outrages, so well known, was a passenger on the steamer Cambria, which arrived to-day from Bermuda.

SELMA, April 13.—The State Medical Association assembled here to-day. A large number in attendance. There will be a grand regatta to-morrow.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Arrived—City of Mexico, Rhein.

The steamer Greece will probably be detained at quarantine.

A Mrs. Connally, had charge of a little girl, was discovered by Henry Berg, to have been the recipient of the cruel treatment from the woman, who was arrested today and sent to prison to await the action of the grand jury.

A LOUISIANA SENSATION.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., April 13.—A crevasse three hundred feet wide is reported at McCullogs, two miles below Baton Rouge on the left bank. The State engineer who was dispatched to the mouth of bayou Plaquamine to cut the dike which keeps the water of the Mississippi out of said bayou has returned without executing his mission.

The citizens of Iberville parish and the town of Plaquamine, in public meeting, protested against cutting the dyke and resolved to prevent it by force. They have a detail of armed men guarding the levee. It is now positively asserted by those best informed, that the opening of Bayou Plaquemine would overflow the town of Plaquemine and the greater portion of Iberville parish, hence the opposition of the city.

THE INSURANCE MYSTERY.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Louisa Germs, the woman implicated with Dr. Uling in the attempt to defraud the Merchant's Life Insurance Company of $10,000 has been arrested. She states she was sick and was attended by Dr. Uling, but denies that she was ever put in a coffin, and says that the undertaker was present when bricks were put in. And another is preparing the coffin for interment. She and Dr. Uling's wife were in the room while the bricks were being put in. When the Doctors were called in, she says she had some soap in her mouth, and pretended to have convulsions, by advice of Dr. Uling.

STRONG PLEADING FOR THE OPPRESSED STATE.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

SENATE.

Cheap transportationists petition for the removal of obstructions in Hell Gate.

Gov. Dix's message, and resolutions of the New York Legislature against inflation, were read and ordered printed.

Mr. Morton presented a memorial of citizens of Texas, in reference to the alleged expulsion of Governor Davis from his office before the expiration of his term. Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Bayard gave notice of an amendment to the bill to provide for a new election in Louisiana, which sets forth, in a long preamble, that McEnery and Penn were duly elected Governor and Lieutenant-Governor of Louisiana; and requests the President to issue his proclamation within ten days after the passage of these acts, notifying the people of Louisiana that all hindrance and obstacles of impediment on the part of the United States to the peaceable and legal assumption of the offices of Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, by these persons, has been withdrawn, so that they may, without let or hindrance, proceed to fill the same.

Mr. Carpenter asked that his Louisiana bill be made the special order for to-morrow after the expiration of the morning hour.

Sherman said he was opposed to taking up the bill and hoped the sense of the Senate would be taken as to whether it should be considered or not. He thought the Senate should devote its time to other matters of more importance.

Carpenter said that the Senator from New Jersey, Frelinghuysen, was prepared to speak on the bill, and it should be taken up. However, if a majority of the Senate had determined to stand by the Kellogg government, right or wrong, he admitted it would be a bad policy to have any debate on the bill, the Senator from Ohio, (Sherman), has come here with several financial conundrums which had been in the Senate four months. The Senator would have been astonished if some had expressed a desire to discard the measures without any debate.

Sherman said there were many bills on the calendar, and he was opposed to laying aside practical legislation to take up this bill—that it would do the people of Louisiana no good, and he would therefore insist upon the consideration of matters of more importance.

Mr. Carpenter said it was a matter of importance, where a State had been usurped, and its court held by the usurpers under the decree of a Federal Court. He was astonished at the indifference manifested by senators on this subject. If the Republican party to-day refuses to interfere where its usurpers hold a State by the throat, it could not interfere in any similar case where the usurpers might be. He denies that he was in New Orleans last May when there was a great excitement there, and in a public speech he pledged himself to the people that if they would stop violence and submit to the Kellogg Government, he would do what he could to present their case to Congress. They had kept their part of the contract and he proposed to keep his.

Sherman said no one would deny that the Senator had kept his pledge. Already he (Sherman) believed that a large majority of the people of Louisiana had acquiesced in the condition of affairs in that State, and it was well in them to do so. They would have an opportunity next fall to redeem their Government, and Congress had better attend to its legitimate business, leaving Louisiana matters to right themselves. Any action by Congress would only derange matters and make things worse.

Mr. Carpenter said that the acquiescence of the people was then a submission to the authorities of the United States. Troops were now there, and, in case of an attempt being made by the people to overturow the Kellogg Government there, troops would be put into action under the act of the Kellogg Legislature in regard to holding elections by 20 and 50,000 majority.

Mr. Morton said that act had been repealed.

Mr. Carpenter said he was not aware of that fact.

Mr. West—Well, the gentleman is not aware of what is going on.

Mr. Morton said he had a dispatch from Governor Kellogg announcing the repeal of the act.

Mr. Carpenter replied that he was glad to hear it. It was one step toward decency.

Mr Morton said, one of the chief disturbing elements in Louisiana at present was the fact that this bill was pending in the Senate. He believed a great majority of the people of Louisiana acquiesced in the Kellogg Government, who were not disposed to let this matter sleep, but have the iniquity exposed The iniquity in this Louisiana affair was so great that if they should keep silent the very stones would cry out.

Mr. Carpenter said he did not think the repudiation of the debt by the Kellogg Legislature was a beneficent measure.

Mr. West said he had no desire at the present time to intrude the debate on the Louisiana question upon the Senate, but some remarks made required a refutation from him.

The Senator from Wisconsin had said the repudiation of the debt was beneficent legislation, and that he (West) desired to say that legislation was made at the suggestion of the Democratic party of the State when the State should be committed to the Democratic party. The bonds might as well be put in the waste basket, The people now beseeching Congress for a new election in Louisiana are the disappointed office-seekers, and men who have a countenance for murder and assassination. He would not attempt to put the bill on the table now, but would show when the time come that Kellogg's government was the legal government of the State, and that the people there were quietly pursuing their vocations.

Mr. Tipton said he was not specially concerned about the people of Louisiana, but he was concerned about the people of Nebraska, and he thought the rights of the people to administer their affairs was of more importance than questions of revenues, finances, or anything else which could occupy the Senate. He wanted to know if hereafter a faction in Nebraska could appeal away from the Constitution laws and ballot-box of the State, whether a handful of men running the Custom House, United States Marshal's and United States Attorney's office, could set up a government of their own, and with a promise of support to some future President could procure the support of the Federal power to maintain them in their positions.

Mr. Carpenter gave notice that to-morrow after the expiration of the morning hour, he would ask the Senate to take up the bill.

Mr. Sherman said he would ask a vote of the Senate upon the motion.

Mr. Frelinghuysen inquired why the vote could not be taken now.

Mr. Sherman said half of the seats were empty, and he would prefer to have the vote taken to-morrow.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the railroad bill.

SUMNER'S SHOES.

BOSTON, April 13.—Twenty-second ballot—Dawes, 63; Curtis, 62; Hoar, 53; Bullock, 13; Adams, 11; Banks, 7; Sanford, 5; Washburne, 3; Whittier, Larned and Pittman, 1, each. The Legislature adjourned until to-morrow.

CONFIRMATIONS.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Baldwin, Assistant Treasurer of Charleston.

Chief-Justice Waite.

He Delivers his First Opinion.

TAXING NATIONAL BANKS—A CONFEDERATE MONEY DECISION.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Chief Justice delivered his first opinion from the bench of the Supreme Court to-day, in a case from Illinois, touching the right of the State to tax [illegible] shareholders at the residence of the bank. The [illegible] heard it, and his brethren on the bench, speak of it in eulogistic terms. Justice Bradley Johnson is very complimentary in his remarks both as to the ability of the opinion and the manner of delivery. The Chief Justice delivered his first formal opinion considerably [illegible] than the late Chief Justice did. The Supreme Court to-day decided the case of [illegible] lector of Taxes of Chicago [illegible] Merchants' National Bank of [illegible] from the Circuit Court of Illinois, [illegible] the question, whether the Legislature of Illinois could, in 1867, provide for the taxation of the owners of the shares of the capital stock of a National bank in the State in the place within the State where the bank was located without regard to the places of residence. The Court below decided that the tax could not be [illegible] the decree was against the Collector. The decree is here reversed, the Court holding that shares of stock in the National banks are personal property under the National Banking Act. They are personal property, as in one sense intangible and incorporeal, but the law which creates them treats them as separate from the person of the owner for the purposes of taxation, and gives them a status of their own. This has been done, as is held by the decision, by Act since the decree below was rendered. The Supreme Court of Illinois held the same law of 1867, under which the tax was levied, valid, and that decision is held to be correct in this court. Its correctness is thus affirmed. Chief Justice Waite delivered the opinion of the court. In the case of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, and others against the Carolina National Bank of Columbia and others, from the Circuit Court for North Carolina, it was also decided to-day. The question was whether bonds issued by the company in May, 1862, payable at different periods from November, 1869, to November, 1879, were saleable in Confederate money, or its lawful money, some of the bonds having fallen into the hands of the bank. The company refusing to pay in Confederate money, the bank demanded money of the United States, and this action was [illegible] pel payment, under a deed of trust executed to secure them. The [illegible] tained the demand of the bank, and the question was brought here, where the decree is affirmed, the Court holding that the intention of the Company was to pay the principal of its bonds [illegible] lawful money, instead of Confederate money may be justly inferred from the nature of the contracts, particularly the [illegible] fore they were to mature, when [illegible] issued it is said they could not have been in contemplation of the parties that the [illegible] would continue from [illegible] It is well known that at the [illegible] eral expectation on all sides was that [illegible] would be one of short [illegible] The Confederate notes were [illegible] payable by their terms [illegible] a ratification of peace between the [illegible] ate States and the United States. The [illegible] of the railroad were intended for sale in markets of the world generally, and not [illegible] ly in the Confederate States [illegible] were payable to bearer, [illegible] then were transferable by [illegible] They state on their face that they [illegible] converted into the stock of the [illegible] par by the holder. The declaration of officers of the company by [illegible] 1863, show that the company [illegible] the bonds as having an exception [illegible] and not subject to the fluctuations of Confederate currency. Repeated declarations [illegible] the officers were made to that [illegible] is sufficient in these circumstances [illegible] to repel the presumption [illegible] ordinance of the State of 1865, [illegible] the discharge of all existing contracts in case of the depreciation of Confederate money, and declaring that all [illegible] cept official and penal bonds, payable in the State, should be deemed to have been [illegible] with the intention that they should be discharged in that currency, and that they will be governed by the Act] [illegible]

Mr. Justice Field delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of the Galveston Board against [illegible] Morgan on appeal from the State of Texas, held that the imposition of a tax of five dollars on the steamers of the [illegible] plying between New Orleans and [illegible] quarantine purposes, was unconstitutional, it being an interference with the [illegible] between the States. The Court [illegible] in the case of the United States [illegible] Francis J. Herron, that the discharge in bankruptcy under the Bankrupt Act did not discharge him from his indebtedness to the United States.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Bottom's health has improved, and he is in his usual spirits.

Ben Butler interviewed the President to-day.

Nominations—James Cochran, Clerk Court House, Va.; Henry Carrigan, Clerk Mississippi; A. B. Hall, Galveston, Texas, to be postmasters.

The Senate Printing Committee, who has had under consideration the management of the Government Printing office for several weeks, find nothing to condemn in its management under Col. A. M. Clapp.

LEVEL-HEADED.

THE MONTGOMERY FOLKS FOR DIRECT TRADE.

MONTGOMERY, April 13.—The Industrial Aid Association of this city resolved to co-operate in the movement for direct trade between the Southern ports and Europe, and appointed delegates to the May Convention in Atlanta. Also, resolved to tender a reception to the New York Editors who visit the South in May, and invite them to Alabama resources, coal, iron, etc.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

TRESSILIAN—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Tressilian are invited to attend the funeral of their children, John Motherwell Tressilian at St. Philip's Episcopal Church this afternoon at four o'clock. The procession will leave the house half past three o'clock.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Schenck's Standard Remedies.

The standard remedies for all diseases of the [illegible] are Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Schenck's Mandrake Pills, and before tax [illegible] are daily [illegible] fected.

To these three medicines [illegible] Philadelphia, owes his [illegible] ment of millions of dollars.

The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the [illegible] the sage Master throws it off by the [illegible] ration, for when the pharm or master ripens a cough will throw it off, the patient [illegible] him if he can to bed.

To cleanse the Pulmonic [illegible] Schenck's Mandrake Pills and [illegible] these must be [illegible] to operate [illegible] and liver. Schenck's Mandrake Pills [illegible] removing all obstructions and [illegible] the bile starts freely, and this liver [illegible]

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a [illegible] alterative; the want of which [illegible] with the food and prevents their [illegible] digested by dosing up the [illegible] stitution, so that the food and the Pulmonic Syrup make good [illegible] then the lungs need [illegible] heal with ease, for all it says is [illegible] from cold.

All who wish to consult Dr. Schenck, either personally or by letter, can do so at [illegible] corner SIXTH and Arch streets, Philadelphia, every Monday.

Schenck's medicines are sold by all [illegible] throughout the country. apr14-dw

DAILY CONSTITUTION.
ATLANTA
TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1874.

SUGAR ORE[illegible]
WM. McNAUGHT[illegible]

See Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "news."

Carley, Duck & Co.!

Atlanta Rough Stone Furniture Oil and Paint Works, 4 to 10 Loyd street. Furniture Paints, Colors, and Framing Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window Glass, Lamps, Shades, Whetstones, Artists' Materials, Crayons, Pencils, Chalks, Brushes, Window and Glass Cutters, etc., a specialty. april4-tuthly

Seven Wonders of Atlanta.

1. The free mail delivery.
2. The Mineral Spring.
3. Uniformed Police.
4. The Magnificent Fire Department.
5. The New Iron Bridge.
6. The beauty of the ladies.
7. The greatest of all—how Ladies' Underwear can be sold so cheap at No. 45 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office. apr5 4t eod

DINING ROOMS,
Alabama Str ct, Atlanta, Georgia,
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOPLE
SINCE 1865.

The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.

This House has had a popular run of eight years.

Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.

Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinners to order, Wedding Parties, etc., etc.

Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.

Price List of Norfolk Oysters:

Select, per quart	65 cents
Medium, per quart	50 cents
Ordinary, per quart	40 cents

Address
O. L. PEASE,
Jan11—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

My apples, 10 barrels very fine Russetts, will be unloaded by 10 o'clock to-day. Price $8 50 and $9 00 per barrel. H SIMPSON 21 Alabama street.

Go to Mrs. E. P. O'Connor's for Butterick's spring patterns. apr5—d1w

MARRIED GENTLEMEN, without children, will please note the advertisement of "Rare Chance."

READ carefully the advertisement of "Stewart's Mills."

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—There will be a meeting of Mystic Lodge No. 14 Knights of Pythias, this evening at 8 o'clock. Work in First and Second Degrees.

Go to Mrs. E. P. O'Connor for Butterick's spring patterns apr5—d1w

COLONEL C. M. HEARD We regret to learn that Colonel Charles M. Heard, of Lawrenceville, has had a stroke of paralysis, and is not expected to recover. He had undertaken treatment here for that disease and returned somewhat improved.

MRS M F. Durand can now be found at the Millinery establishment of J. M. Holbrook, 37 Whitehall street, up stairs. apr 12-3t

If you want the best beef to be had in the city, call on Tidwell, corner Broad and Mitchell. apr10—d3t

"THE MESSENGER OF THE COVENANT."—The March number of this periodical is on our table. It is devoted to the defense and illustration of what is known as Universalism. Dr. L. F. W. Andrews, a veteran journalist, is the editor. The Doctor wields a vigorous and racy pen. Terms $2 per annum.

NOTICE.

A grand ball will be given Madame Jarley by the elegant and fascinating lady of Mr. Sium, on the evening of her reception at the Opera House. Invitations will be issued to-morrow

GERMANIA LOAN AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION The regular monthly meeting will be held to-night at the Concordia hall. Dues can be paid during the day at Beermann & Kuntz's store, or at night at the Hall. CHAS BEERMANN, Treasurer.

ATLANTA AND TENNESSEE MARKET HOUSE.—The Atlanta and Tennessee Market House is situated on the corner of Whitehall and Peters streets, Messrs. Rose, Jamison & Co., are proprietors. They deal in cattle, hogs, butter, eggs, etc. Yesterday evening they had some as fine mutton in store as has ever been brought to the market, which will be on sale this morning. Lover's of mutton will make a note of this item.

DEATHS FROM MENINGITIS.—We were pained to learn yesterday of the deaths of Lizzie and John Mathew Tresham, of meningitis. The little girl was aged seven and the boy fourteen. John exhibited symptoms of the disease last Thursday, and his sister was attacked later the same day. Lizzie died yesterday shortly past twelve, and John at half-past six in the afternoon. To the bereaved parents we extend our sincere sympathies.

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure of meeting last evening, Mr. Robert B. Ford, one of the proprietors of the "Commercial Advertiser" published in Chicago. Mr. Ford is making an extended tour through the South for the purpose of familiarizing himself with our commercial advantages, enterprises, etc. His purpose is to assist in bringing the West and the South into a closer social and business intercourse. Mr. Ford's paper, the Advertiser, is one of the live, growing journals of Chicago, and our business men will find it an excellent advertising medium. We would bespeak for Mr. Ford a cordial welcome.

CAPT T. C. MURPHY is Chief of Police; Lieutenant J B Langley, First Lieutenant; Lieutenant Newton, Second Lieutenant, and M. M. White, Third Lieutenant until further orders.

DEATH ON THE RAIL.

A Negro Man Mangled and Killed While Sleeping on the Track.

Mr. W. S. Larendon, a clerk at the Air-Line Railroad depot gives us the particulars of a sad accident, occurring at midnight Saturday night in front of Gen. Gartrell's residence. He was there engaged in transferring freight, and got through about 12:30. He got upon the engine and as the engine was about to move over to another track he heard a shriek and ran to the engine. The engineer, Mr. Love, told stopped the engine immediately and pulled out the man, who proved to be a colored man named George Paton, Paton had been pumping near Gainesville and came here to be paid off. It was supposed that he was drunk or asleep or both, and lying lengthwise of the track. The brake-beam of the tender dragged him some fifteen feet and slewed him under the wheels. One leg was cut off between the knee and the hip, and the foot of the other torn off, his head mashed and his body terribly mangled. An inquest was held on Sunday and a verdict rendered in accordance with the facts.

THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

Meeting of Creditors.

The creditors of the above Bank will meet this morning at 10 o'clock, at the office of Judge Lawson Black to choose an assignee in bankruptcy.

The depositors and creditors are requested to meet one hour earlier (9 o'clock, A. M.) at the Chamber of Commerce, to hear the report of their Committee, &c. See advertisement in another column.

WEEKLY CONSTITUTION.
MOUNTAIN.

Address by Gen. Gordon—Speeches of T. [illegible], Colonel R. Y. Clarke, [illegible] Hardeman, [illegible] Butler and [illegible] A. R. [illegible]

DIRECT TRADE LOOKING UP.

Saturday was a bright and glorious day. The sun flecks brilliantly and nature rejoiced under its revivifying rays. The recent rains having delayed farming operations, farmers could not foster the opportunity of engaging actively in work. In consequence the [illegible] with the regular Saturday.

The Methodist church was filled with a large audience of ladies and gentlemen. Among others present were noticed T. R. Wier, Hon. T. M. Peeples, Dr. M. Richardson, Esquire Hannah, of Covington, Gen. E. L. Thomas and Col. E. Steadman, of Covington, R. T. Paine, of Marietta, Col. E. Y. Clarke, Dr. J. G. Westmoreland, and J. B. Baird, of Atlanta, Dr. Hastings, Traveling Agent of the Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel, Gen. A. H. Colquitt, President State Agricultural Society, Rev. D. E. Butler, President of the Cotton States Agricultural Convention, Hon. John C. Ragsdale, President of the DeKalb County Fair Association, and others.

At four o'clock, the Club was called to order by the President, A. J. Veal, who then introduced the first speaker,

THOMAS R. WIER,

of Gwinnett, who addressed the meeting on the importance and necessity of education to farmers. Farming was a science. The farmer dealt with nature. Farmers should educate their sons for farmers. They will then remain on the farms and not crowd in to the professions and lead an existence of little benefit to themselves or their race. We should contemplate our progress to guide us onward in the march of prosperity.

Our labor system destroyed during the war has been replaced by the labor of our own hands. We have exceeded the yield of cotton in 1860. The leading idea now is to increase the productiveness of the soil. Great improvement has been wrought in the last ten years. There is no standing still ground for us. We must abandon the skimming system of our land, and we must increase its fertility every year. By shallow plowing is productive of waste of the soil. To prevent this is an important step in its improvement. We must contract the area of our farms. Our forces must be consolidated. We must make one acre produce a great deal. Co-operation and discussion productive of good to farmers. Our farmers meet and band together more. We have the State Agricultural Society ramifying our State. Through the Patrons of Husbandry, the youngest and most vigorous of all the organizations, is moving steadily on. The leading idea of the Grange is the cash system and the abandonment of the mortgaging of our crops at enormous rates of interest. It advocates a diversified system of agriculture, and produce our own provisions instead of having our corn cribs in Illinois, and our smoke-houses in Chicago. Our capital should be divided between land, fertilizers and improved implements. Clubs and Granges fill a pressing necessity among farmers. All other interests combine. Why not farmers combine for their protection and prosperity? [Applause.] The profits of the producer and the seller are disproportionate. Union and co-operation necessary to give us strength and elevate our calling. Press onward in the work of improvement. [Applause.]

COL. N. Y. CLARKE,

at the request of President, introduced the next speaker. He felt it an honor to appear before the Stone Mountain Agricultural Club. He did not exactly understand why he was sandwiched between a distinguished Granger on one side and three or four Governors on the other side, unless on the diversifying principle of agriculture, so they threw in a minnow among the big fish. He made a humorous allusion to his experience in farming, and felt the more flattered, as he knew the compliment to him was really on account of his success as a farmer. He was gratified to get out in the country and breathe its pure air, redolent with the perfume of spring-flowers, and view the rosy cheeks and cherry lips of the country girls. (Here the reporter was stopped by the speaker from finishing the sentence.)

It afforded him pleasure to introduce to the audience one of Georgia's noblest sons, whom Georgians loved and would delight to honor—one at last able to stand up a freeman before freemen.

COL. THOMAS HARDEMAN,

of Bibb. It is impossible, in a synopsis, to do justice to this effort of the gifted speaker. He dwelt in glowing terms upon the dignity and nobleness of the pursuit of agriculture. Labor was honorable. That Georgia had retrograded since the war, he denied; but he doubted if she had made any money. The evil was, that she made the cotton, but had her corn cribs and smoke-houses too far away. Of what avail was our vast mineral resources and water power unless they were utilized. We had seen a large portion of our wealth swept away by the war. We had gone to work and recuperated much, but much remains to do. He cited to the report of the Comptroller General showing the increase in our taxable wealth and resources. Restore your waste fields, beautify your homesteads, utilize your unrivaled water power, develop your inexhaustible mineral resources. Farm because it is noble for yourselves, Georgia will be on the high way to agricultural independence and commercial greatness. Diversify your agriculture. I see in the East the dawning light of better days. As far as I have traveled over the State, I observe the earth covered with a green mantle betokening a plenteous harvest of grain. A full corn-crib and larder is the index of peace and prosperity. During his speech he was frequently interrupted with applause, and, at its conclusion, he was greeted with hearty applause. He made a fine impression upon the audience.

The next speaker was the incorrigible, ubiquitous and versatile

REV. D. E. BUTLER,

of Madison. He endorsed all that was said by the speakers who preceded him, except Col. Clarke's system of farming. We have been school-boys since the war, and our school master has not spared the rod. We have been turned down and kept in. There were after all but two classes in Georgia—the successful and the unsuccessful. If the Federal government had demanded of us at the close of the war a heavy amount of money, it would have been better, perhaps. He then, in solemn and legal form, inclined the credit system as a Pandoras box of innumerable evils. He wanted to see corn plantations and cotton patches. Plenty of something to eat meant cash! He then paid a glowing compliment to the Patrons of Husbandry—their aims and objects. He commended to the audience the Direct Trade Union, of which Gen. Colquitt was President.

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT

was then introduced and made a brief talk on Direct Trade. It was eminently plain and practical. He brought the matter prominently before the meeting, and we are pleased to learn quite a number of shares was taken in the Direct Trade Union. Ca Ira.

All the speeches were well received

Thanks were voted to the several speakers; and to the Methodist Church for the use of the building.

SUICIDE.

J. W. Stinson Cuts his Throat with a Razor at LaGrange.

We learn from a gentleman who reached here yesterday evening from LaGrange, that that quiet and beautiful city was startled yesterday morning by a tragedy of usual occurrence in that peaceful region.

Mr. J. W. Stinson, who resides near Hogansville, while at the residence of his brother-in-law, Colonel R. M. Young, in LaGrange committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

Mr. Stinson had not shaved for a long time, but carried a razor in his pocket. He has been in low spirits for a long time on account of the failure of his crops last year, and consequent inability to meet his obligations. He was a strict member of the church, and generally esteemed.

GRAND OPENING TO-DAY.—Messrs. Lowe, Douglass & Dallas will open to-day a large line of lace sacques, points, fichus and capes and embroidery at low figures. Every department is complete. Their stock of striped silks, black silks, solid silks, English, French and German hose, corsets, etc., are ample. Drop in to-day and see their display. Goods and prices will be sure to suit.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS' COURT.

Policeman Roberts Suspended thirty Days for using a Vulgar Word—Capt. Jones, Chief of Police, Suspended Sixty Days for Inspection.

Policeman Mangelton Dismissed for Absence from the City Without Leave—Election of a Lieutenant. Three Policemen and Three Supernumeraries.

The Board of Police Commissioners met last night in the Recorder's Court room; a full Board present. The first case called was that of

POLICEMAN STERLING ROBERTS,

charged with using vulgar language in the Station House, on the 10th of April. Policeman Roberts pleaded guilty to the charge, and made an explanatory statement. He came to the Station House before roll call, and while telling a joke used

ONE VULGAR WORD,

for which he was sorry. Captain E. M. Roberts addressed the Board in a feeling and earnest manner, urging clemency in this case. The vote stood four for suspension and one for dismissal. On motion he was suspended for thirty days.

The next case was that of

CAPT. T. G. JONES,

who was charged with mal practice in office, neglect of duty, and failing to carry out the order of the Commissioners. (THE CONSTITUTION published the affidavits several days ago.) Alderman J. B. Goodwin represented the defendant.

The first witness for the prosecution was

POLICEMAN STERLING ROBERTS,

who testified that on the day of the trial of Lieutenant Simmons, Captain Jones asked him to go after M. E. Maher. As we started down the steps, he told me to go *and go quick*. He added that Maher was not obliged to come unless he wanted to, and hunched me. Maher said he felt under no obligations to come. Witness told Maher that Mr. Dodd sent for him. As witness was coming back met Policeman Gramling about fifty yards this side of Maher's.

Upon the cross-examination he testified that he was in the court-room when Jones approached him. was not positive that Jones went down the steps. Jones told me to go, and gave me directions where to find Maher. He hunched me. He is addicted to it. Didn't attach much importance to it. Asked the second time for instructions and he gave them to me, and told me to go.

City Attorney—What did you *think* he meant when he hunched you?

Alderman Goodwin—I am aware that the question is illegal, but will not object, as I want the whole transaction brought to light.

Witness replied that he did not *know* what Captain J. meant; that Captain J. did tell him what he meant, nor tell him not to tell Maher not to come. He said that he meant for me to go after Maher. I thought he meant for Maher not to come.

M. E. MAHER

testified that a policeman came to him about 4 o'clock and told him some one wanted him in the simmons case. He told the policeman to tell them that he "couldn't find me." The policeman replied that policeman Langley was across the street and had seen him. Witness then replied,

"TELL THEM I'M BUSY."

When witness saw another policeman he got out of the way.

Capt. Jones not a subpœna was mentioned. Felt under no obligations to come, as testimony would injure Simmons.

The defense introduced

POLICEMAN WILLIAM FLYNN,

who testified, being called by Captain Jones to go after Maher but Roberts was sent instead. Had been on the force with Capt. Jones for two years. He had a habit in conversation of hunching. Do not attach any significance whatever to it.

POLICEMAN THOMAS GRAMLING

testified that Captain Jones told him to go after Maher, as he was fearful Roberts could not find him. About fifty yards this side of Maher's met Roberts, who said it was no use to go as Maher was not coming.

The subpœna for Maher was not issued until after we had returned.

GENERAL G. T. ANDERSON

testified that he was Chief of Police in 1872. Considered Captain Jones one of the best and most reliable men on the force. Noticed his hunching disposition. Regarded it as a habit. Never had any charges against him.

COL. JOHN THOMAS

was Chief of Police in 1873. Capt. Jones was best man on the force; never had any charges against him; knew of his hunching; attached but little significance to it; did not construe it to attract attention.

MARSHALL J. O. HARRIS.

Considered Capt. Jones one of the most active and vigilant members of the force; never had any charges against him; considered him nervous and excitable; have noticed his hunchings, and have been annoyed at it, as

"I AM A LITTLE TICKLISH"

Considered it a nervous habit, of which he was not conscious.

CAPT. JOHN L. JOHNSON

Served with Capt. Jones two years. He was active, faithful and vigilant—one of the best men. Knew of his hunching habit. Didn't regard it as of any importance. Never ordered a man brought to court unless subpœnaed.

P. T. RYAN, CLERK.

Have had many business transactions with Capt. Jones. None more prompt or vigilant. He rendered me great assistance. His books are well kept, and his cases near all settled.

RECORDER J. T. PENDLETON.

Capt. Jones has been exceedingly zealous and remarkably faithful. Never found anything in his acts that was not exactly square. Out of seven hundred cases he has settled them all up with one or two exceptions. Since the first day of my term there has been no complaint by defendants that their witnesses were not subpœnaed, except in one case, and in that case it was proved to be false.

CAPTAIN JOHN KEELY,

Chairman of the Police Committee, testified that Captain Jones was active, willing to discharge his duty and very prompt to carry out instructions.

DEPUTY SHERIFF C. W. WEELLS

testified to the peculiar habit of hunching by Captain Jones. It was a familiar habit, and done in a friendly, jocular manner.

LT. T. C. MURPHY

corroborated Deputy Sheriff Wells' testimony about the hunching. Captain Jones' deportment was good.

COMMISSIONER MORRIS

stated that Captain Jones boarded with him twelve months. Hunching was a peculiar habit that meant nothing.

COMMISSIONER DODD

said that he could testify to the good character of Capt. Jones, previous to the charge.

CITIZENS OF CALHOUN.

Ex-Senator Joel C. Fain, W. B. Rankin, and a number of citizens of Calhoun, testified in writing to the good character of Capt. Jones while a resident of that town.

CAPT. JONES' STATEMENT.

Mr. Maher was sent for by Lieut. Simmons, and came. He told me he didn't want to testify, as he could not do it. Lieut. Simmons or himself any good, as Simmons had taken two or three drinks. Simmons then told Maher he could go. When Maher was wanted, called Flinn, but, as he had just come off duty, sent Roberts; went to the door with Roberts so as not to disturb the Court; stood at the top of the steps; hunched him once or twice, and gave him directions; fearing that he would not find the place, sent policeman Gramling; had no intention of insulting the Court.

The evidence being closed the City Attorney made the argument for the prosecution, and Alderman J. B. Goodwin for the defense. Alderman Goodwin said that if any offense had been committed, it was a contempt of the Court, which they might punish by fine or reprimand.

Commissioner Morris moved that he be found not guilty of the charge preferred, but found guilty of contempt, and reprimanded before the whole police force, which was lost.

The vote was then had, and he was found guilty by the following vote: Yeas, Dodd, Goldsmith, Maloney. Nays, Smith, Morris, who thought him guilty of contempt.

The following voted to dismiss him from the force: Dodd, Maloney.

The following voted to suspend him—Goldsmith, Morris, Smith.

The Board then proceeded to elect a Second Lieutenant, in place of Lieutenant J. O. Simmons, which resulted in the selection of John B. Langley. The affidavit was made by Ex-Alderman J. H. Macintire. The petition was endorsed by J. F. Edwards, J. S. Hulsey, J. F. Gilmore, J. H. Gower, W. J. Hunt, A. J. Miller, A. C. Fox, D. C. Beck, L. Cohen, L. Wilkens, Wm. McLendon, J. T. Glass, L. H. Clarke, W. H. Crump, B. F. Chamberlain, W. D. Austin, E. B. Rawson, D. A. Beaty, W. H. Weiss, O. H. Jones, J. M. Franklin, S. Wilson, G. J. Dallas, G. T. Oglesbie, W. H. Patterson, O. C. Hammock.

POLICEMAN J. G. BRASELTON.

Policeman J. G. Braselton was dismissed the service for violating the 34th rule—leaving the city without leave. It was reported that he had left the city to avoid testifying in the Chisolm case.

ELECTION OF POLICEMEN.

The Board then proceeded to elect three policemen to fill vacancies.

L. F. Barnes was the first. The affidavit was made by Alderman J. B. Goodwin and the recommendation signed by M. & J. F. Kiser & Co., T. J. Hightower, T. J. Lowe & Bro, and F. J. Bomar.

J. E. Rapp was the next. The affidavit was made by G. J. Orr, State School Commissioner. The recommendation was signed by Governor James M. Smith, Major Campbell Wallace, Hon. E. P. Hoge, Ex. Law. Jr. J. H. Calloway, W. H. Brotherton, J. H. Flynn, W. Eagard.

The next elected was C. D. Camp. The affidavit was made by Ald. J. C. Watkins. The recommendation was signed by W. J. Garrett, A. J. McBride, A. Austell and Rev. C. A. Evans.

SUPERNUMERARIES.

The following supernumeraries were elected: No. 1 C. K. Barnes; No. 2. J. T. Alexander; No. 3. John B. Mehaffey.

SECRECY REMOVED.

Mr. Mahoney moved that all the proceedings in secret session be kept secret. He made the motion for the good of the city, and not for his own good. The vote stood: Yeas, Mahoney. Nays, Dodd, Goldsmith, Morris, Smith.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following were unanimously adopted:

By Mr. Mahoney—

Resolved, That the Captain of Police be required to keep a record of all violations of law and order, and specify the crime, when and where it occurred, and the name of the officer in command, and the names of the policemen on duty and the station or beat where said violations occur, and that he present the same to the Secretary of this Board at the regular or extra meetings or at any time when called on.

Resolved, That the officer in command of each relief, when going off of duty, be required to communicate all information in relation to violations of law and order that may come within his knowledge while on duty to the officer who succeeds him, and that all officers be required to report to the Captain of Police all violations of law and the rules and regulations governing the police.

By Mr. Goldsmith:

Resolved, That the City Council be requested to relieve the police force of lighting and extinguishing the lamps in the city, as it materially interferes with the vigilance and efficiency of policemen on duty.

ADJOURNMENT.

The Board adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

COURT MATTERS.

Fulton Superior Court

Met yesterday morning at its usual hour, Hon. John L. Hopkins, presiding.

L. Delolve, plaintiff in error, vs Meador & Tumlin, defendants in error. Judgment of Supreme Court affirming judgment of Superior Court, received and made judgment of the Court. Robert Baugh for Meador & Tumlin.

Thomas K. Goodloe, administrator, etc, vs Bush Irwin. Judgment by default for plaintiff.

Judgments by default were also rendered for plaintiff in the following cases:

George Wicke & Co vs M. Salbide; Samuel J. Smith vs T. J. Phillips; Hart & Hensley vs T. L. Wells; Hogar & Bro vs James Sanders; R. J. Baker & Co vs Zimmerman & Carter; J. H. Watson & Co vs John Ficken, and J. H. Weston vs D. B. & A. J. Ladd.

J. E. Summer vs. Phillips & Flanders, assumpsit, etc. This case involving matters of account, was by order of the Court, referred to Marshal J. Clarke, Esq., as auditor, to report on the same at practical, during the present term.

Camp & Garrison vs. the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad Company. Action on the case for damages. Verdict for defense.

Two Jurors, whose watches were slow, got a fine of $10 apiece for default.

Yesterday afternoon was spent in the trial of Geo Wallace vs. A. Austell. Action on the case for damages for personal injuries. It seems that plaintiff fell into a hole on defendant's lot, and injured his shoulder. He lays his damages at $5,000. Pending the argument of Judge D. F. Hammond, Court adjourned until this morning.

The cases for trial to-day are—

Hancock vs. Bulce; Collier, Mynat & Collier, for plaintiffs; William Ezzard, contra.

Kiser vs. Betts; Goldwin, for plaintiff, Byington, contra.

Same vs. same; two cases; same attorneys.

Alexander & Russell vs. Gibson & Co; Collier, Mynat & Collier, for plaintiffs; Spencer, contra.

Sumner vs. Adair.

Kreutan vs. Kimball; Arnold for plaintiff.

Rose vs. Gaines, claimant. Lester & Thomson for plaintiff.

Johnson vs. Bodgett.

Jones, administrator vs. Cox. Clarke & Son for plaintiff, Broyles contra.

Irby vs. Jones. Broyles for plaintiff, Jackson contra.

McCluskee vs. Terbune & Thomas. Thrasher & Thrasher for plaintiff, Wellcontra.

LaFontain vs. Harris. Thrasher & Thrasher for plaintiff, Culberson contra.

ANOTHER BURGLAR IN LIMBO.

Julius Anderson, a gentleman of colored persuasion, undertook to raise some means last Sunday morning, and broke into Mr. William Crookshanks's store on Decatur street. He had got three hams outside of the door, when both he and the hams were gathered up by an officer. The Grand Jury found a bill against him yesterday, and he now reposes in Fulton county jail.

Station House Report.

A negro named Milton Parker was arrested yesterday on suspicion of being concerned in a recent robbery. He was locked up at the Station House to await developments.

There were six city arrests for drunkenness and quarreling.

AMUSEMENTS.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Tuesday Evening April 14th, 1874.

LANNIER'S DRAMATIC COMPANY,

Fred. G. Maeder's Great Border Story,

BUFFALO BILL.

FRED. G. MAEDER as.....Buffalo Bill
The Comedienne, RENA,.....Oregon Bill

Full Dramatic Company. Troupe of genuine

COMANCHE INDIANS.

WAR DANCES,
DEATH DANCES,
SCALPING SCENES.

Grand Street Parade at 6 P. M. Indians in Full Costume on Horseback.

BRASS BAND.

Admission—Parquette $1 00; Dress Circle 75 cents; Gallery 50 cents; Reserved seats $1 25, at Putnam & Cox's Music Store. apr13-2t

ATLANTA AND
Tennessee Market House,

ROSE, JAMISON & CO. BUTCHERS, Dealers in Cattle, Hogs, Butter, Eggs, etc., No 135 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.
O. A. V. ROSE,
J. E. JAMISON,
W. L. SNOFFER,
W. L. HOFNER & CO.,
Fayetteville, Tennessee.
apr13-60m

CATHOLIC FAIR.

Another Rustling, Busy Evening.

Last evening the Gallant's Fair was continued, and the results were very gratifying, though perhaps the crowd was not as large as on some former occasions. The different elections were marked by great activity of competition. The canvassing was busy and vibrant. Some of the contests are getting to be very animated.

The sword election has probably become the leading one for the while. The material color of the people is thoroughly aroused. Members of whole households voting for this or that candidate was rife. The ladies are taking deep interest in the result, with the idea of carrying out some possible woman's rights ideas we suspect as the point of the contest. Somewhere between four and five hundred votes have been polled. Captain Flinn and Lieutenant Lowry are leading the race with scarcely an inch difference.

The punch-bowl contest is said to have reached a climax unparalleled in the history of the Fair, but the battle is still raging fierce. Mr. Dudley, at the last report, was leading Mr. Jones by a team of a millionaire, of which tobacco-bit is thousand to nineteen an inch.

The contest over the Hibernian scarf has become quite an engrossing one. Mr. Flynn is said to be a *leetle* ahead.

The chair battle was very fierce. Mr. Goss had jumped to the front and pushed Mr. Goldstein and Mr. Chester closely.

One of the most interesting contests is that between Mrs. W. B. Lowe and Mrs. Joe Thompson for the elegant Cluny lace and embroidered curtains, worth $150 and worked by some French nuns at Jacksonville, Fla. Over a hundred votes have been polled. It is impossible to tell which lady is ahead, both are so deservedly popular.

One of the most beautiful articles for sale is a Cluny lace coverlet, worth a hundred dollars, and worked by the same French nuns that worked the curtains. This coverlet is a beauty. Mrs. Inhoe Hill has it in charge at her table.

At the same table are noticed a couple of new articles. One is a handsome gilt clock, presented by Judge Lochrane, and the other is a beautiful set of china—a tea set—presented by a lady of Augusta.

The supper and wine and ice cream departments were well patronized last night, and gave thorough satisfaction. The ladies in charge are most polite and practical.

The Fair continues again to-night.

Financial and Commercial

Atlanta Cotton Statement.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 13, 1874.

Cotton closed dull at 14¼ cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.

By wagon	6 bales
By Air Line Railroad	8 "
By Georgia Railroad	11 "
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	5 "
By Central Railroad	15 "
Total	55 "
Receipts previous	53,941 "
Total receipts	53,976 "

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	100 bales
Shipments previous	52,818 "
Total	53 918 "
Stock on hand	1,058 "

NEW YORK, April 13.—Receipts to-day at all ports 9,138 bales; consolidated receipts 14 776; stock at all ports 520,715; stock in New York 136,817.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Cotton quiet and steady at 15 17-32 1-8@15 21-32.

Cotton—net receipts 1,183 bales; gross 10,313.

Cotton sales for future delivery closed steady with sales of 19,600 bales as follows: April 15 13-32. May 16 11-16. June, 17 5-16@17 7-32. July, 17 19-32@17 5-8.

Flour firm and in fair demand. Wheat 1c better for winter red western. Corn firm and in fair demand, closing quiet at 85@90 for new western mixed; 90 for new yellow southern. Coffee dull and unchanged. Rice quiet and firm. Tallow dull and unchanged. Rosin heavy at $2 47½@2 50. Turpentine heavy and lower at 44 1-2@45. Pork heavy; new mess $16 75. Lard heavy at 10 1-16. Whisky firmer at 95 1-2@96. Freights firmer; cotton, by sail, 1-4; by steam 1-4@5 16; corn, by steam, 10 1-2; wheat, by steam, 11.

Money easier at 4@5. Sterling lower at $4 85. Gold advanced to 13 3-4@13 7-8. Governments dull and strong. State bonds quiet and nominal.

LATER.—Eighty-ones 20 1-8; Sixty-twos 19; Sixty-fours 19 3-4; Sixty fives 20 3-4; New 19 1-9; Sixty-sevens 20; Sixty-eights 19 3-8; New Fives 15 5-8; Ten-forties 14 3-4. Tennessees 87½; New 87; Virginia 32 1-2; New 35; Consols 50; Deferred 10 3-4; Louisianas 6s 35; New 35; Levee 6s 40; Eights 40; Alabama eights 40; fives 35, Georgia sixes 70; Sevens 89. North Carolinas 28; new 23; Special Tax 6; South Carolinas 23; new 7, April and October 7.

Turpentine 31¾ 9d.

LOUISVILLE, April 13.—Flour unchanged. Corn quiet and unchanged at 68@70. Provisions quiet. Pork $16 90. Bacon—shoulders 7; clear rib $9 32½; clear 9¾, packed. Lard—tierce 10; keg 10 3-4. Whisky 93.

MOBILE, April 13.—Cotton firm; middlings 16; net receipts 848 bales; exports coastwise 15; sales 1,400; stock 32,539.

NORFOLK, April 13.—Cotton steady and unchanged; low middlings 15¼; net receipts 1,363 bales; exports coastwise 1,135; sales 340; stock 9,309.

CINCINNATI, April 13.—Flour steady and unchanged. Corn firm at 64@67. Lard quiet and steady; steam; 9 75@9 81½ asked; kettle 9 7-8@10. Bacon quiet and steady; shoulders 6 7-8, clear rib 9 2-3; clear 9 5-8@9 3-4. Whisky firm and in good demand at 94.

NEW ORLEANS, April 13.—Cotton firm with good demand; middlings 16 5-8; low middlings 15 3-4, good ordinary 14 1-2; ordinary 12 1-4; net receipts 3,354 bales; gross receipts 3,399; exports to Great Britain 2,508, exports to continent 2 777; exports to France 3 963; exports coastwise 842; sales 2,300; last evening 1,890; stock 198,113.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.—Flour unchanged and improved in demand, low. Corn easy owing to heavy receipts. No. 2 mixed 64 1-2 a 65 on track. Whisky firmer, 99. Pork quiet, 16 75. Bacon firmer, 14. Lard held higher at 9 3-4 asked; 9 1-2 bid.

LIVERPOOL, April 13, 3 P. M.—Sales of cotton include 9,100 bales American; sales of Orleans, nothing below low middlings, shipped in March 8 5-16.

CHARLESTON, April 13.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 16 1-8; low middlings 15¼ a15½; good ordinary 15; net receipts 742 bales; gross 879; exports to Great Britain 1 778; coastwise 1,698; sales 300; stock 3,658.

MEMPHIS, April 13.—Cotton firm and in good demand; low middlings 15½; receipts 876 bales; shipments 945; stock 42,207.

AUGUSTA, April 13.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 15 3-4; net receipts, 25,540 bales.

SAVANNAH, April 13.—Cotton firm; middlings 16 1-8; net receipts, 830; exports to Continent, 2,177; Coastwise, 1,901; sales, 393; stock 47,838.

LIVERPOOL, April 13, 4 P. M.—Cotton—sales uplands, nothing below good ordinary shipped in March and April 8 1-8; ditto, ditto deliverable in April 8 1-16; ditto, nothing below low middlings deliverable in April 8 1-8.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 16 5-8; gross receipts 680 bales; shipments coastwise 542; sales 250; stock 6,000.

BOSTON, April 13.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 17 1-8; net receipts 31 bales; gross 542; sales 250; stock 6,000.

M. RICH'S WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY NEW.

He did not buy his goods at Auction or old goods from Bankrupt stocks. But all fresh and stylish goods, bought on short time. He is, therefore, anxious to sell, in order to be able pay up. Give him a call.
apr13—d3t

STEWART MILLS.

OUR FF
Is Going into General Use.
IT IS A CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,
OF good body and fine baking qualities. We use it largely in our family, and recommend it to purchasers, if they have not, to GIVE IT A TRIAL.

RETAIL DEALERS

we can with confidence say, they can get no Flour for the price that will give better satisfaction.

Those preferring our FFF will always find it a GILT EDGE FANCY, superior to any other Fancy Flour on the market.

Our Other Grades are also of

SOUND MATERIAL,

and warranted to give satisfaction.

OUR MR. STEWART has recently invented and patented a Machine, which we have in successful operation for taking the dark specks and brown dust from our lower grades, making bright or Flour without any increase in price.

STEWART, AUSTIN & CO.,
apr14-d.f Mills on W. & A. Railroad, corner Marietta and Simpson streets.

Local and Business Notices.

Fresh Swiss and Limberger Cheese, at 96 Whitehall street.
apr7—d8t JNO. W. STOKES.

S. B. SPENCER'S Law office, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets. Prompt attention given to all law matters.
mar29—dtf

POND'S EXTRACT,

Used alike by the medical profession and the people, it holds a position held by no other medicine in this country, or perhaps, the world. apr12—d1w&w1t

LADIES, READ THIS!

We are now offering the largest and cheapest stock of White Goods, House Furnishing Goods, at LESS PRICES than ever before. Call at the New York Store at once to secure these bargains.
apr12—d3t 48 Whitehall Street.

$3,000 WORTH

Of Saratoga and Traveling Trunks have just been received at the Great Southern Trunk Warehouse, at less prices than any time before. NEW YORK STORE,
apr12—d3t 48 Whitehall St eet.

ATTENTION!

Great bargains are being sold at the New York Store, in Domestic—Bleached and Brown. Also, in House Furnishing Goods. Everybody will save money to call on this house before buying elsewhere.
apr12—d3t 48 Whitehall Street.

JUST OPENED,

A new stock of Parasols, Fans, Fan Chains and Chaselaines, at the Dry Goods Store of LOUIS DE SAULLES & Co.
apr12—d3t

LOUIS DE SAULLES & CO.,
CORNER WHITEHALL AND HUNTER STREETS,
Have a very handsome and complete stock of Black Silks, Colored Silks, Summer Striped Silks, Silk and Wool Grenadines, and every new novelty in Dress Goods at low cash prices. apr12—d3t

LOUIS DE SAULLES & CO.,

Have Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 12½, 15, 18 3-4 and 20c, which they think are the cheapest goods in the market.
apr12—d3t

WE SHALL OPEN ON TUESDAY, 14TH,

The largest line of Lace Saques, Points, Fishues and Capes, ever offered in this market. These goods are on consignment to us and will be sold at less than cost of importation. In this lot will also be 437 pieces of Embroidery, to be sold at ten cents per yard.

In addition we shall receive some time this week, a large line of Striped Silks as an addition to our now extensive stock.

For Black Grenadines, Black Silk, Solid Silks, our figures are low and goods unsurpassed.

Full stock of the best English, German and French Hose, with all the popular make of Corsets.

Every Department in our house is now complete.

LOWE, DOUGLASS & DALLAS.
apr12—d3t sun-tue-thur

M. RICH'S

4-4 Bleached cotton at 10 cents and 12½ cents, is the best in town at these prices.

French Kid Gloves 50 and 75c per pair.

42 inch Towels at $2 50 per doz; smaller size $1 25 per dozen.

Ladies' Linen Collars 5 and 10 cents each.

French Corsets from 50 cents up to $2 50 for the best.

For numerous other bargains go to
M. RICH

Reading Notices.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa
etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

mar —dood-w m

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York
oct—d1y

MISCELLANEOUS

APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

New Revised Edition.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

THE work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience and refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press, it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass of its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by loftier experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, richly illustrated with several thousand Wood Engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

PRICE AND STYLE OF BINDING.

In extra Cloth, per vol.	$ 5 00
In Library Leather, per vol.	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol.	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol.	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edge, per vol.	10 00
In Full Russia, per vol.	10 00

Five volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

***Specimen pages of the AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA, showing type, illustrations, &c., will be sent gratis, on application.

FIRST-CLASS CANVASSING AGENTS WANTED.

Address the Publishers,

D. APPLETON & CO.,
549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

H. K. WHITE, Agent for Atlanta and vicinity.
sped—d1f

DR. TUTTS VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

THE BEST ADVICE

that can be given to persons suffering from dyspepsia bilious complaint, colic, consumption, sick headache, fever and ague, nervous debility, or of any disorder affecting the stomach, the liver or kidneys, is to tone, cleanse, and regulate these important organs by the use of

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

They act very mildly, yet thoroughly restores the functional action of the digestive organs and the intestines and renovates the whole system. They produce neither nausea, griping or weakness and may be taken at any time without change of diet or occupation. Price 25c a box. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye

possesses qualities that no other dye does. Its effect is instantaneous, and so natural that it cannot be detected by the closest observer. It is harmless and easily applied, and is in general use among the fashionable hair dressers in every large city in the United States. Price $1 a box. Sold everywhere.

DR. TUTTS SARSAPARILLA QUEENS DELIGHT.

SCROFULA, ERUPTIVE DISEASES OF THE SKIN, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ERYSIPELAS, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, BOILS, TETTER, AND SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, PAIN AND ENLARGEMENT OF THE BONES, FEMALE WEAKNESS, STERILITY, LEUCORRŒA OR WHITES, WORM DISEASES, DEBILITY, WASTE SWELLINGS, SYPHILIS, KIDNEY AND LIVER COMPLAINT, MERCURIAL TAINT, AND PILES, all proceed from impure blood.

DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA

is the most powerful Blood purifier known to medical science. It enters into the circulation and eradicates every morbific agent; renovates the system; produces a beautiful complexion and causes the body to gain flesh and increase in weight.

KEEP THE BLOOD HEALTHY

and all will be well. To do so, nothing has ever been offered which can compare with this valuable vegetable extract. Price $1 00 a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Office 25 Cortlandt street, New York.
mar28— feb1-dood&wly

KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

BY FLETCHER & FREYER.

THIS first-class house has elegant fare and fine rooms. Marietta is a favorite summer resort. Terms reasonable.
ja.y13-d1f

WORKING CLASSES

We want a few more persons at home, day or evening; no capital. Profitable and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cent stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 172 Greenwich Street, New York.

$10 SCHOOL TEACHERS WANTED

during spring and summer in a business with in their own counties. Address GEO. GURDY, Philadelphia Pa.

$10 WORKING CLASS

Male or female, $30 per week; employment home day or evening; no capital; instructions an valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address with six cent stamp, M YOUNG & CO, 172 Greenwich street, New York

DR. WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS,

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,

Use

PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY!

Sold by Druggists.

"PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess free by mail for 25c. together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to ladies, wedding Night Shirt, etc. A queer book. Address T WILLIAM & CO, Publishers, Philadelphia.

Millions of Acres

RICH FARMING LANDS

IN NEBRASKA,

NOW FOR SALE VERY CHEAP

Ten Years Credit.

Interest Only 6 per cent.

Descriptive Pamphlet, with Sectional Maps, sent free.

THE PIONEER,

a handsome Illustrated Paper, containing the HOMESTEAD Law, mailed free to all parts of the world.

Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner U. P. R. R.,
OMAHA NEB.

"Edeography" a new book on the art of writing by sounds; complete system of phonetic shorthand, the shortest, most simple, easy, and comprehensive, enabling any one in a short time to report trials, speeches, sermons, etc. The Lord's Prayer is written with 49 strokes of the pen, and 140 words per minute. The unemployed should learn this art. Price by mail 50c. Agents wanted. Address T W EVANS & CO. 139 South 7th street, Philadelphia.

The Highest Medical Authorities of Europe say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is

JURUBEBA.

It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions, and acts directly on the Liver and spleen. Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., N. Y.

SEND FOR THE

NEW CATALOGUE

AND PRICE LIST, MAILED FREE,

100-Piece French China Dinner Set

FOR $33.

FRENCH CHINA AND GLASS-WARE GIVEN AWAY, almost. Tea, Toilet Sets and everything else same way. Call or send for catalogues.

WASHINGTON HADLEY'S,
6th avenue and 14th street, New York

Agents, if you want to make money, sell

HURLY BURLY

The biggest thing yet. Humor, Wit, Pathos, Life, Fun and Laughter. 320 Comic Cuts. The people yearn for it. It will sell in dull times. Show it to a man and he surrenders. It is sure every time. Don't bother with heavy books that nobody wants. Humor is the thing that takes. Agents wanted everywhere. Send for circulars and extra terms to TO-DAY Pub co, Philadelphia, New York, Boston or Chicago.

DR. PIERCE'S ALT. EXT. OF GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

cures all **Humors** from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch** or **Pimple**. From two to six bottles are warranted to cure **Salt Rheum** or **Tetter, Pimples on Face, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas** and **Liver Complaint**. Five bottles warranted to cure the worst **Scrofulous Swellings** and **Sores Pains in Bones** and **Sore Throat** caused by **Poison** in **Blood** or mercurial treatment. By its wonderful **Pectoral** properties it will cure the most severe recent or the worst lingering **Cough** in half the time required by any other medicine and is perfectly safe. Possessing cough, soothing irritation, and relieving soreness. Sold by all Druggists. **R. V. PIERCE, M. D., World's Dispensary,** Buffalo, N. Y.

apl1—d&wsx

VALUABLE

IRON MILL FOR SALE

—AT—

Rome, Georgia.

PURSUANT to a Decree in Chancery, in Floyd Superior Court, the undersigned have been appointed Commissioners to receive sealed proposals until the 1st day of May next, for that valuable property in the city of Rome, in said State and county, known as the

ROME IRON WORKS,

more particularly described as follows:

The property of the Rome Iron Manufacturing Company consists of the Rolling Mill Building 300x140 feet, well finished and substantially built with heavy truss roof. A train of 18 inch Puddle and Bar Rolls, and 9 inch Guide Mill. Two Horizontal Engines of 150 horse-power each, to drive Rolls; two (2) heavy steam Shears; Rolls and Saw for making light T Rail; twenty Nail Machines and one Spike machine—also one Railroad Spike Machine—all with counter shafting and belting complete to run the same. One Beam Engine of 120 horse-power to run Nail and Spike Machines; one 72 inch Demphill Fan Rock and Ore Crusher; Furnace for heating Rail Plate, and six large Grind; and Bear Stones substantially set on Iron Frames; three Heating Furnaces; three Puddling Furnaces (two double and one single); one 30 ton Track Scale, with side track in the mill; twelve Cylinder Boilers, 30 feet long, and a battery of two Fine Boilers, 42 inches diameter, 30 feet long—two 16 inch flues supply the steam power. The Cylinder Boilers being placed over the Heating and Puddling Furnaces use the waste heat from the furnances for generating steam. Also, one Pumping Engine and Wrought Iron Tank for supplying the mill with water.

The whole mill is most complete in its arrangements for receiving, and manufacturing and shipping materials, being probably one of the best arranged mills in the States. The mill is in excellent order, and in full operation; possesses unlimited facilities for getting Coal and Pig and Scrap Iron cheaply, and has a cash market for its entire products. It has a

Capacity of 125 Kegs of Nails per day.
Capacity of 3 Tons of Spikes per day.
Capacity of 12 Tons Bar Iron per day.

Pig Iron can be purchased for $30 00 per ton; Wrought Scrap from $25 to $30. A force of skilled workmen—old hands—are operating the Mill.

We solicit bids for this property and invite capitalists to come and make personal inspection of the same. All correspondence will be carefully and fully answered. We refer, by permission, to Noble Brothers & Co., whose Foundry and Machine Works are contiguous to the property described.

CHAS. H SMITH.
T. W. ALEXANDER.
C. HOWELL,
Commissioners.

mar12—d&wtf

LIVERY STABLES.

W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER of Griffin.

HUDSON & HIGHTOWER,

Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.

Good Shed Lots for Drovers.

All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.

Near the Passenger Depot,

Griffin, Georgia.

jnne15-d1f

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,

ON THE PUBLIC SQUARE.

GAINESVILLE.....GEORGIA

HACKS meet all the trains to convey passengers free of charge to the Hotel.

apr19—d1f T. LITTLE, PROPRIETOR.

Cheering News!

ON AND AFTER MAY 1st, 1874, THE GREAT ATLANTIC ROUTE via WRIGHTSVILLE and the ATLANTIC RAILROAD will sell Tickets at the Reduced Rates as follows:

Greatly Reduced Rates

From Atlanta to New York	$21 00
From Atlanta to Philadelphia	20 00
From Atlanta to Baltimore	17 00
From Atlanta to Washington	20 00
From Atlanta to Richmond	14 00

Tickets for sale by E. J. Davis, Agent, Union Passenger Depot.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS run daily between Atlanta and Lynchburg without change.

W. MACRAE,
Superintendent.

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
mar26—d2w

SCHEDULE.

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway.

DAILY PASSENGER.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVAL.
	P. M.	P. M.
Atlanta	6:00	12:24
	P. M.	P. M.
Charlotte	8:48	8:06
	P. M.	P. M.
North Carolina Railroad Junction	8:39	9:15

Accommodation Passenger.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVAL.
	A. M.	A. M.
Atlanta	8:34	11:48
	A. M.	A. M.
Charlotte	8:19	7:37
	A. M.	A. M.
North Carolina Railroad Junction	7:18	7:45

The Great Southern PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS.

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA. BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled or the Coast,

Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24-d1f

RAILROAD SCHEDULE

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8 30 A
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 25 P

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	9 30 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	8 45 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	12 30 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Arrives at Atlanta	1 10 P M

KINGSTON ACCOMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	6 00 P M
Arrive at Kingston	9 10 P M
Leaves Kingston	5 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 45 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

DAILY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 P M
Arrive at Charlotte	3 06 A M
Leave Charlotte	6 18 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 18 P M

ACCOMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5 34 A M
Arrive at Charlotte	9 45 A M
Leave Charlotte	8 12 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 18 P M

Georgia Railroad

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8 40 A M
Leaves Atlanta	6 30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 P M
Arrives at Augusta	3.45 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 P M
Leaves Atlanta	6 00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6 05 A M
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 A M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	6 00 P M
Leaves Stone Mountain	7 30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	8 30 A M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15 P M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	9 40 P M
Leaves West Point	1 40 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 43 P M
Arrives at West Point	9 07 A M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAILY ACCOMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leaves Atlanta	7 00 A
Arrives at Macon	3 40 P M
Leaves Macon	9 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 48 P M

MAIL AND PASSENGER—DAILY

Leaves Atlanta	1 00 A M
Arrives at Macon	6 50 A M
Leaves Macon	7 30 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	1 40 A M

HACK LINES.

Gainesville and Dahlonega HACK LINE.

LEAVES Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.

Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to PORTER'S SPRINGS or other points upon reasonable terms.

ap23—d1f

CUMMING AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connecting with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming at 11 M., and arrives in Duluth at 4 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 8 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel in Cumming at 1 o'clock, to dinner.

Careful drivers. Terms moderate.

apl1— d1f

Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM now in the Laboratory of the Chemical Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Manufacturing Co., and am making the improved Pill of Dr. Calhoun Almost. This Pill has been in use for the past thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Pills or Liver Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should suppress all need of certificates, and this fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 50 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth a moment of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no cure of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.

Price 50 cents a Box.

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.

Address N. C. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 240, Atlanta, Ga.

Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters streets, Atlanta, Ga.
may14—d1f

TEXAS LAND AGENCY!

HAVING spent part of the last three years in Texas, and having been repeatedly solicited by parties owning and controlling large tracts of land in that State, I have determined, after thoroughly investigating the whole subject matter, to open a LAND AGENCY at some eligible point in the

LONE STAR STATE

at an early date. With seven years' experience in the REAL ESTATE BUSINESS in all of its details in Georgia, the business will not be new. Parties owning or controling lands in Texas can for the present address me at Rome, Ga. My partner and myself propose to give our attention exclusively to the business in all of its details. Bring and conduct sales of ejectment, re-establish titles, sell and convey lands and pay taxes. Best of references given. Correspondence earnestly solicited. Address JOHN T. BURNS & CO., Rome, Ga.

JOHN T. BURNS.
feb7-d1f

Granger's Guano.

Delivered Anywhere in the City or on the Cars at $40 Per Ton.

The Gardener's Phosphate $30 Per Ton.

ORDERS left with any of the large dealers, or with Messrs. Redwine & Fox, or addressed to JNO. M. C. REED, McDONOUGH STREET.

feb4-d1f

SOUTHERN

TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets Modsallion, also everything in the Architectural line Vases, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 4 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

mar31—d1m CELLERS & CASTLEBERRY.

WE OFFER TO THE TRADE THE FOLLOWING line of goods, at CLOSE FIGURES, and on the most favorable terms. Samples can be seen at our office, or a note addressed to us through the Post-office (Lock Box 55) will receive prompt attention:

Prime White Corn, per car load, in bulk and sacked.
Prime White and Mixed Oats per car load.
Loaf and Sugars, all grades.
Louisiana Molasses, all grades.
New York Refin'd Sugars, all grades.
New York Syrups and Molasses, all grades.
Coffee—Rio, Java and Laguayra.
Meats, per car load.
Flour per car load.
Lard—Tierces, Kegs and Buckets.
Wooden ware—Bucket and Tubs, Southern manufacture.

We have at all times on hand samples of cargoes COFFEE to arrive.

Parties dealing with us will have the advantage of Special Freight Rates.

J. F. & J. G. McDLETON,
Merchandise Brokers,
No. 10 Whitehall Street,
mar26—d1f Atlanta, Ga

MARBLE WORKS.

WM GRAY

jy24- d1y

Judson's Marble Works,

ATLANTA, GA.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS

Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Box Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Iron Railing for Grave Enclosures, Granite, etc.

Office and works, corner of LOYD and ALABAMA STREETS, opposite O. H Jones & Co's. Sale and Livery Stables.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Prices reasonable.

Terms cash.

Address D. N. JUDSON,
aug10-ly Atlanta, Ga.

THE HANEY HOUSE,

BY REUBEN HANEY.

TRENTON.....GEORGIA

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-d1f

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE Commencement of this Institution for the year 1874 opens on the 15th inst.

Our corps of instructors, each specially to be a full corps in every department.

Music and the fine arts—equipment in the best female schools—receive special attention here. The most approved physical exercises are had daily, while the rules and regulations of college exclude all undue se-

Government, discipline, boarding, washing, &c., &c., will be found perfect.

Tuition for the scholastic year.....$ 40 00
Board.....$ 2 50 per week.

For special information apply to

J. T. BRADSHAW,
President.

Covington, Georgia, January 2, 1874. jan11-d1f

Conyers Female College.

THE Conyers Female College, located in the flourishing town of Conyers, 20 miles east of Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad, is now, under the management of a full corps of experienced and competent teachers, in full operation.

The superior advantages of this institution, owned and chartered by a large company of gentlemen who are animated with the noble desire of producing real thorough-going home education, and of affording increased facilities for thorough mental culture at reasonable rates, should be generally known.

Board at $12 50 per month in the best families of the place. Tuition in the College classes $40 per annum. For instruction on the piano $40 per annum.

For further particulars address

REV. H. QUIGG,
President.

feb24—d3m

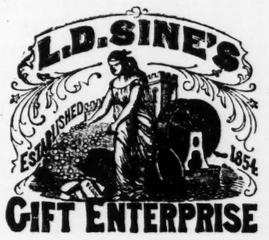
DR. J. H. LOGAN'S SELECT SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES

On Whitehall Street No. 153,

IS fast acquiring its limited number of 30 pupils, and is one of the best institutions of the kind in Georgia. Tuition per month, payable per month in advance, $4 25, $5 25 and $6 25.

feb22—d1f

DISTRIBUTIONS.



THE ONLY RELIABLE GIFT DISTRIBUTION IN THE COUNTRY.

$60,000 IN VALUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINE'S

166TH REGULAR MONTHLY

Gift Enterprise!

TO BE DRAWN Monday May 4th 1874,

TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF

$5,000 each in Greenback!

2 Prizes $1,000 each
5 Prizes $500 each
10 Prizes $100 each } GREENBACKS.

1 Horse and Buggy with Silver mounted Harness, worth $500.

One Fine toned Rosewood Piano, worth $650.
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each.
Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $100 each.
Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches, worth $60 each.
400 *Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!*
Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, etc., etc.

Number of Gifts 5,500! Tickets limited to 50,000.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom liberal premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86.
101 W. Fifth St., Cincinnati, O.
mar21—d5w

MISCELLANEOUS

STOP, READ, REFLECT AND ACT, BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE!

"DR. S. B. COLLINS'"

PAINLESS

OPIUM

ANTIDOTE.

Is a perfect and painless cure for

THE HABITUAL USE OF OPIUM,

in any of its forms, whether as

MORPHINE, LAUDANUM, ELIXER, or GUM OPIUM.

It Positively Produces a Permanent Cure.

IT is strange yet true, that as a rule it is the brightest intellects, the best members of society that become addicted to this diseased appetite. A habit which makes them slaves, beclouds their minds, ruins their dispositions, and gives them in their more natural moments a hatred of self as well as a feeling that everybody despises them—to such an extent that society has no charms, but thanks to the Giver of all good this morbid, terrible habit, and degraded condition, as well as all of the desire and feeling for opiates in any form is soon removed by this remarkable antidote, entirely so, and the weakened body and mind are invigorated, given renewed health, and love and hope take the place of despondency and doubt. Though you may not be afflicted with the habit of using MORPHINE, LAUDANUM, or other forms of OPIUM, some friend may be, and you know it not, therefore let me ask you, in the name of suffering humanity to pass this on. By so doing you may reap the reward of those who do good. DELAY NOT.

All correspondence strictly confidential. For further particulars, and in sending orders from any of the Southern States, address

B. M. WOOLLEY,
General Agent for the Southern States,
No 33 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
mar10—dcod3m&wlam3m

Dr. W M. Marvin.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity that he has opened a Dispensary in Austell Block, where patients can get reliable treatment for all diseases. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh. The above diseases treated by inhalation.

The Doctor treats all diseases of long standing, such as Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Loss of Voice, Wakefulness, Fever Sores, Rheumatism, Goitre, Neuralgia, Tumors, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Billiousness, Diseases of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus' Dance, etc.

Electricity applied in cases where it is required. The Doctor is permanently located, and persons who have been under the treatment of other physicians and have not been cured, are invited to call, as I treat all curable diseases, and cures guaranteed, or no pay. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate, and consultation free. Dispensary and consultation room No. 20 Decatur street. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
feb19-d&wly

WEBSTER & HANKS.

The Largest & Best Appointed Shops South of the Ohio

DAILY CAPACITY OF FOUNDRY, 30 TONS. MANUFACTURERS OF STATIONARY AND PORTABLE Engines, Horse Gears, Locomotives, Pinions and Spur Wheels of all sizes, Improved Mill Machinery for Steam and Water, and Gearing for Mills complete.

Agents for Earl's steam Pumps, Brooks' Cotton Presses.

A SPECIALTY MADE OF

Heavy Castings, Architectural Iron Works, and all Castings for Gas and Water Works.

We would particularly call the attention of capitalists, intending to erect furnaces, as we are prepared to make proposals for entire equipment of same at distance rates.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

jan

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,

VIA

CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES

THREE TIMES A WEEK FROM NEW YORK.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS

ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMODATIONS.

Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston

The South Carolina Railroad Company,

And connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail road and Sea Transportation to Freight and Passengers not excelled in excellence capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN.....M. S. Woodhull, Commander.
CHAMPION.....R. W. Lockwood, Commander
CHARLESTON.....James Berry, Commander
JAMES ADGER.....T. J. Lockwood, Commander

JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.

GEORGIA.....S. Crowell, Commander
SOUTH CAROLINA.....T. J. Beckett, Commander

WAGNER, HUGER & CO., WM. A. COURTENAY, Agents, Charleston, S. C

TO PHILADELPHIA.

Iron Steamships.

ASHLAND.....Alex. Hunter, Command
EQUATOR.....C. Hinckley, Command

SAILING DAYS—FRIDAYS

WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON.....Hainle, Commander
VIRGINIA.....Johnson, Commander
SEA GULL.....Dutton, Commander

SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY

PAUL C. TRENPOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BOSTON.

STEAMSHIPS MERCEDITA and FLAG, sails every Saturday,

JAS ADGER & CO, Agents, Charleston, S. C,

Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets

Can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

State-Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged and Baggage Checked. The Through Tickets by this Route includes Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Shipboard.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD, GEORGIA RAILROAD,

And their connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between the Northern Cities and the South and West. First-Class Eating Saloon at Branchville. On the Georgia & South Carolina Railroad First-Class Sleeping Cars.

Freight promptly transferred from steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other roads, delivering freight at distant points with great promptness. The Managers will use every exertion to satisfy their Patrons that the Line VIA CHARLESTON cannot be surpassed in Dispatch and the Safe delivery of Goods.

Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine Insurance one-half of per cent.

For further information, apply to J. J. GRIFFIN, Western Agent, Atlanta, Georgia B. D. HASSELL, General Agent, P. O. Box 4979, Office 317 Broadway N. Y.; S. B. PICKENS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad or J. M. SELKIRK,

Superintendent Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line Charleston, S. C.
july4—eodtf

"FEED YOUR LAND AND IT WILL FEED YOU."

THE attention of Factors, Planters and Dealers in Fertilizers, is respectfully invited by the undersigned to the fact that their Factory at Charleston, S. C., is in full operation manufacturing their well known Standard Fertilizers, the

"Phospho-Peruvian" and "Ammoniated Soluble Pacific" Guanos,

At Greatly Reduced Prices. These Fertilizers are rich compounds of the highest grades of Bone Phosphates (selected from their Ashepoo Mines) rendered soluble and ammoniated with No. 1 Peruvian Guano and Animal Matter, making the most concentrated and profitable fertilizer in use, particularly adapted to the Southern climate and soil and combining, as near as possible, the ingredients requisite to produce the Cotton Plant and Cereals. Cash and Time Prices at Charleston:

		CASH.	For approved Acceptance, due Nov. 1.
Phospho Peruvian Guano	Per ton of 2,000 lbs.	$45 00	$50 00
Ammoniated Soluble Pacific Guano	do. do.	48 00	53 00
Hardy's Dissolved Bone Phosphate	do. do.	33 00	36 00
Pure Scotia Carolina Phosphate, finely ground	do. do.	18 00	

Cartage One Dollar per Ton, and Freight will be